The Bucks County Gazette.

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Philadelphia.

"UNLIKE ANY OTHER HOUSE."

THE GRAND DEPOT,

JOHN WANAMAKER

THE WHOLE BLOCK

FROM MARKET TO CHESTNUT STREET, THIRTEENTH STREET TO NEW CITY HALL, PHILADELPHIA.

UNLIKE in quantity of goods to select from.
UNLIKE in variety of stocks.
UNLIKE in privileges to customers.
UNLIKE in conveniences for buying.
UNLIKE in excellent methods of business.

THE NEW Silks for Fall are superb.
THE NEW Dress Goods are splendid.
THE NEW Blankets and Quilts are wonderful.
THE NEW Cloaks and Suits are almost perfect.
THE NEW Hosiery and Underwear are elegant.
THE NEW Millinery Department is magnificent.
THE NEW Linen and Housekeeping Goods extra desirable.

☞ We also propose to be unlike any other house in moderation of prices.

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Cooper & Conard,

IMPORTERS AND RETAILERS

—OF—

SILKS, DRESS GOODS, SHAWLS,

CLOAKINGS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, LINENS, COTTONS,

AND MANUFACTURERS OF

CLOAKS, LADIES' SUITS, &c

Cor. Market and Ninth Street, PHILADELPHIA.

DRESS GOODS.

100 Pieces	SUITINGS	6¼c.
50 "	POPLIN LUSTRES	12½c.
48 "	NEAT PLAID SUITINGS	12½c.
36 "	PLAIN BOURETTE SUITINGS	12½c.
36 "	CASHMERES	12½c.
30 "	PLAIN BOURETTE SUITINGS	15c.
46 "	CASHMERES	18c.
40 "	MIXED SUITINGS	20c.
200 "	NEW MIXED NOVELTIES	25c.
50 "	CASHMERE	25c.
26 "	BRADFORD MOHAIRS	37c.
200 "	DEBEGE	37c.
100 "	CASHEMIRE DES INDES	38c. 38c. 37c. 55c. 85c. 87c. $1.00
50 "	MELODDA CLOTHS	$1.00, $1.25
25 "	CASHMERE FOULES	$1.25
100 "	MERINOS	55c. 1.00
200 "	CASHMERE	50c. 62c. 75c. 85c. $1.00
375 "	FRENCH NOVELTIES, 48 inches wide	50c. 60c. 75c. 85c. $1.00
		$1.00 at $3.50

BLACK GOODS.

100 Pieces	BLACK ALPACA	25c. 37c. 50c. 62c. 75c.
150 "	BRILLIANTS AND MOHAIRS,	31c. 37c. 50c. 55c. 65c. 75c 88c. $1.00, $1.25
600 "	BLACK CASHMERES,	40c. 50c. 60c. 68c. 75c. 85c. $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.76, $2.00
38 "	BOMBAZINE CLOTH,	50c. 65c. 75c. 88c.
50 "	SILK WARP HENRIETTA,	$1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $1.85, $2.00, $2.50
150 "	MERINOS	62c. 75c. $1.00, $1.25
30 "	CACHMERE DES INDES,	85c. $1.00, $1.25, $1.55, $1.75, $2.50, $3.00
70 "	PARIS NOVELTIES,	50c. 62c. 75c. $1.50, $1.75, $3.25, $3.50

Cooper & Conard,

South-East Corner Market & Ninth Streets,

PHILADELPHIA.

IVINS & BROTHER,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

Furniture, Bedding and Feathers,

No. 64, 66 & 68 North Second, Near Arch Street,

PHILADELPHIA. 76

ESTABLISHED 1854.

W. J. HEISS BRO. & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

Girard Avenue and Front Street, Philadelphia.

FLOUR A SPECAITYL.

Bristol.

STILL AT THE FRONT!

AM NOW OPENING THE LARGEST STOCK OF DRY GOODS AT THE LOWEST PRICES THAT HAS EVER BEEN EXHIBITED IN BRISTOL AND VICINITY.

DRESS FABRICS

In all their varieties and shades, from 10c. to $1.00 per yard.

Splendid Silk Cashmere at 40c. yard.
Fine All Wool, do. at 50c. yard.
Still Finer All Wool, do. from 62 to $1.00 yard

A large line of latest Novelties in all Mixtures and shades.

Fine Cashmeres, double fold, all shades, at 25c. yard
Splendid ¾ Cashmere, all shades at 18c. yard.
Poplin Lustres, all shades, at 12½c. yard.
Large assortment of Mixed Goods, from 6½ to 14c. yard.

AT

J. Wesley Wright's

BRISTOL, PA.

JUST OPENED!

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

LADIES' COATS,

From $2.75 to $20.00.

Very Much Below Last Fall's Prices.

Also a large variety of

BLANKET SHAWLS,

Single and Double, from $1.50 to $8.00.

ALSO

Some of the lastest novelties in

INFANT'S COATS AND CAPES,

AND

Infant's Hand Knit Worsted Goods.

AT

J. Wesley Wright's

BRISTOL, PA.

THE FINEST VARIETY

AND ASSORTMENT OF

GENTS, LADIES, MISSES AND CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR AND HOSIERY, I HAVE EVER HAD THE PLEASURE OF EXHIBITING TO CITIZENS OF BRISTOL.

LADIES' AND GENTS' MEDICATED MERINO SHIRTS AND DRAWERS.

Ladies' Merino Vests, all sizes 50c. Can't be beat.
Ladies' Merino Vests, all sizes, 42c.
Misses' and Children's Merino Wear, all sizes.

MERINO & COTTON HOSIERY,

Stripes and Solid Colors, including some of the latest novelties, from 10c. to $1.00 pair.

MEN'S BUCK & KID GLOVES AND MITS, LADIES' KID AND LISLE GLOVES, LACE TOP, AND OTHER VARIETIES.

AT

J. Wesley Wright's

BRISTOL, PA.

BLANKETS! BLANKETS! BLANKETS!

Just Received

GOOD BLANKETS at $2.00 pair.
GOOD BLANKETS at $2.50 pair.
GOOD BLANKETS at $3.00 pair.
GOOD BLANKETS at $4.00 pair.
SPLENDID ALL WOOL 11-4 BLANKETS at $5.00 pair.

WOOL & COTTON FLANNELS.

Good Cotton Flannels, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13c. yard.

AT

J. Wesley Wright's

BRISTOL, PA.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

SILVER PLATED, CHINA, GLASS AND WOOD WARE.

Carpets and Oil Cloths, all widths, Cheap.

AT

J. Wesley Wright's

BRISTOL, PA.

GROCERIES! GROCERIES! GROCERIES!

A well selected and fresh stock of Groceries constantly on hand, at prices as low as can be bought in Philadelphia for the same quality of goods.

Extra quality of flour by the bag or barrel. New Buckwheat Meal and New Honey. Fresh Dried Fruits.

FRESH CANNED GOODS.

Fine Groceries in all their varity.

AT

J. Wesley Wright's

Next to Canal Bridge,

MILL STREET,

BRISTOL, PA.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FROM CELIA'S NOTE BOOK.

The first law of success at this day, when so many things are clamoring for attention, is concentration,—to bend all the energies to one point, looking neither to the right nor to the left. It has been justly said that a great deal of the wisdom of a man in this century is shown in leaving things unknown, and a great deal of his practical sense in leaving things undone. The day of universal scholars is past. The range of human knowledge has increased so enormously, that no brain can grapple with it; and the man who would know one thing well must have the courage to be ignorant of a thousand other things, however attractive or inviting. As with knowledge so with work. The man who would get along must single out his specialty, and into that must pour the whole stream of his activity, —all the energies of his hand, eye, tongue, heart, and brain.

Worry kills more men than work. The petty trials of life, if suffered to wear upon a man, often weaken more than great afflictions, as the ship that will survive a hard thump may be sunk by tiny insects boring through her timbers. There is nothing like heart-varnish to cover up the innumerable evils and defects of life. Cultivate cheerfulness. The spectres of neglect, unkindness, and despair will fly before it as fogs before the sun.

Lost wealth may be replaced by industry, lost knowledge by study, lost health by temperance or medicine, but lost time is gone forever. The man who has wasted the precious hours of life's seed-time, finds that he cannot reap a harvest of life's autumn.

If you devote your time to study, you will avoid all the irksomeness of life; you will neither long for the night, being tired of the day; nor will you be a burden to yourself, or make your society insupportable to others.

Many who appear to be struggling against adversity, are happy; and more, although possessed of great wealth, are most wretched. The former support their adverse fortune with firmness, the latter inconsiderately abuse their prosperity.

The mind that is cheerful at the present hour, will be indifferent about anything beyond it, and meet the bitters of life with a complacent smile. Nothing is blessed on every side.

Know this, that that which is disagreeable comes much more speedily than that which you eagerly desire.

There is nothing more unreasonable than a man who wants experience, one who thinks nothing right except what he himself has done.

The pleasure of life is according to the man that lives it, and not according to the work or the place.

The sublime laws play indifferently through atoms and galaxies.

Good-breeding and personal superiority of whatever country readily fraternize with every other.

Even under marble and golden roofs dwells slavery,—slavery to the dominion of vice, sorrow, and discontent.

The fool is always beginning to live. He is always putting off settled habits and amendment till to-morrow.

Let us hope for what we will; but let us endure what befalls us.

Sleep, thou repose of all things; sleep, thou gentlest of the deities; thou peace of the mind, from whom cares flies; who dost soothe the hearts of men wearied with the toils of the day, and dost recruit them for labor.

They deprive the world of the sun who deprive life of friendship.

If you stand in need of physicians, let these three things be your physicians: a cheerful mind, relaxation from business, and a moderate diet.

When those things befall us which by no prudence we can avoid, we shall by calling to memory what has happened to others, be able to reflect that nothing new has befallen ourselves.

Nature has given unto all to be happy, if each did but know how to make a proper use of her gifts.

Many live after this manner and method; when you think them to be your friends, they are found to be false with their deceitfulness.

The load becomes light which is borne with cheerfulness.

"Those men who carry about, and those who listen to, accusations, says a Latin writer, "should all be hanged; if I could have my way, the carriers by their tongues, the hearers by their ears."

In rugged and uncultivated regions the snow lies longer upon the ground, but on cultivated soil it soon disappears; in a similar manner anger effects our breasts; in those which are uncultivated it remains, but in those which are cultivated it quickly subsides.

It is dangerous alike to believe or disbelieve; therefore we ought to examine strictly into the truth of a matter, rather than suffer an erroneous impression to pervert our judgment.

Ye who write, make choice of a subject suited to your abilities, and weigh in your mind what your powers are unable, and what they are able to perform.

A WINTER HYMN—TO THE SNOW.

BY EBENEZER JONES.

Come o'er the hills, and pass into the world,
And all things, as thou passest, in rest unfold,
Nor all night long thy ministrations cease;
Thou succorer of young corn, and of each seed
In plowed land sown, or lost on rooted mead,
And bringer everywhere of exceeding peace!

Beneath the long interminable frost,
Earth's landscapes all their excellent force have lost,
And stripped and abject each alike appears;
Not now to adore can they exalt the soul—
Panic, or anger, or unrest control—
Or aid the loosening of affliction's tears.

No more doth Desolateness lovely sit
Lone on the moor; no more around her flit
From far high-travelling heaven the sailing shades;
The shrunk grass shivers feebly; reed and sedge,
By frozen marsh, by rivulet's iron edge,
Bow, blent into the ice, mixed stem and blades.

The mountains soar not, holding high in heaven
Their mighty kingdoms, but all downward driven
Seem shrunken haggard ridges running low;
And all about stand drear upon the seas,
Like giant thorns, the frozen skeleton trees,
Dead to the winds that raining through them go.

The woodland rattles in the sudden gusts;
Frozen through frozen brakes the river thrusts
His arm forth stiffly, like one slain and cold;
The glory from the horizon line has fled;
One sullen formless gloom the skies are spread,
And black the waters of the lakes are rolled.

Come! Daughter fair of Sire the sternest, come,
And bring the world relief! to rivers numb
Give garments, cover broadly the broad land;
All trees with thy resistless gentleness
Assume, and in thine own white vesture dress,
And hush all nooks with thy persistings bland.

Come! making rugged gorge and rocky height
Even more than fur of ermine soft and white,
And cover up and silence roads and lanes;
And, while the ravished wind sleeps hushed and still,
Wreaths, little infancy with glee to fill,
Upheap at doorways and at casement panes.

Fancy's most potent pander! gentlest, too;
Man, rising on the morn, the scene will view
Thus, all transformed, with no less sweet surprise
Than stirreth him to whose half-doubting sight
Sudden appears belov'd friend, masque bright
In not less fair than unexpected guise.

And some will think the earth in white robes dressed,
Seems sinking fast in a great trance of rest,
Beyond all further reach of wintry ill;
And some will say it seems as though a ghost
Appeared; and thus, on fancy's seas far tossed,
With doubtful shadowy joys their spirits fill.

Thy task complete—if to the amazing scene
With Night should come, full-orbed, Night's radiant Queen,
How the whole race from out their homes will gaze!
Hard hearts will restless grow, and mean men sigh
And wish they could be holier, and on high,
Some, whispering words of heaven, meek thanks will raise.

I, sweet, celestial kisser! from croft homiecrowned,
From ancient mead by stateliest trees girt round
From wilds where thou the earth lov'st all alone,
Shall watch thee shower thy kisses, and all the hours
Rapt worship solemnize, and bless the powers
That let thy loveliness to my soul be known!

AN ACTOR IN THE TIMES OF CHARLES II.

Joe Haines was an excellent comic actor, a wit and a practical jester, whose society was sought by the best people of the time. He was a scholar, had been educated at Oxford, and been Latin secretary to Sir Joseph Williamson before he took to the stage. There are enough good stories told of his impudent and mischievous disposition to fill a small volume. Once he served Hart a cruel trick. The great tragedian rather arbitrarily insisted upon his going on one night for a Senator in "Catiline," although his position in the theatre, and his salary being 50 shillings a week, exempted him from such service. Joe resolves to be revenged; he put on a scaramouch dress, a large ruff, huge whiskers, and a Merry Andrew's cap, and thus attired, with a short pipe in his mouth and a three-legged stool in his hand, followed *Catiline* on to the stage. Hart was always so absorbed in the part he was acting that he had no eyes or ears for anything else, and, no matter what occurred, would never suffer his attention to be for a moment distracted. When Joe entered, seated himself upon his stool and began laughing and grinning behind the tragedian's back, the house was in a roar; but although he wondered what was amiss, he went on acting without once turning his head, until a movement in the part revealed to him the ludicrous scene. Haines was turned out of the theatre there and then. Soon afterward he met with a naval Chaplain who was seeking a living; and succeeded in persuading the credulous parson that he could procure him the appointment of Chaplain of the theatre, with a handsome salary. All he would have to do would be to summon the company to prayers every morning by ringing a bell and repeating the formula, "Players, players, come to prayers!" "But," he added, "there's a terrible man there, named Hart, who will rush out and abuse you; but take no notice of him, he's either mad or an atheist." The next morning he introduced the clergyman behind the scenes, placed a bell in his hand, and disappeared to watch the joke. The victim began ringing his bell and shouting in a very sonorous voice, "Players, players, come prayers," and all the company gathered round, highly amused, thinking he was insane, until Hart succeeded in obtaining an explanation. Upon which he very quickly opened his eyes to the trick that had been put upon his credulity, and, very indignant himself at it, invited the Chaplain to dine with him. But this jest might have turned out seriously for the inventor, had not his ready wit been equal to any occasion; for the victim had a choleric son, who sought him out and insisted upon his fighting upon the spot. "Give me only a few moments to pray," said Haines, "and I am at your service." Upon which he fell upon his knees and supplicated in a loud voice for pardon for having previously killed 17 men in duels, and for the eighteenth he was about to add to their number, which so cooled the challenger's courage that he took to his heels. Once, when Joe was arrested in the street for debt, he saw the Bishop of Ely's carriage coming along. Struck with an audacious idea, he said to the bailiffs, "That is my cousin, and if you will let me speak to him he will pay your demands." The bailiffs assented. Joe stopped the carriage, and, hat in hand, thrust his head through the window. "My lord," he said, in a tone of deep emotion, "here are two poor Catholic fellows who are so troubled by doubts and scruples of conscience that I'm afraid they'll hang themselves." "Let them come to me to-morrow morning and I'll satisfy them," said the Bishop. Joe was set free, and next morning the two men waited upon his lordship. "Now, what are these scruples of conscience you have?" inquired the Bishop. "Please your lordship, we have no scruples of conscience," answered one of the fellows, "we are bailiffs who arrested your cousin, Joe Haines, for £20, and you said you would satisfy us. And the Bishop thought it best to do so.—*Temple Bar.*

A Danbury man who lectured recently in an adjoining town, said that many persons failed to get into the hall. It subsequently transpired that they made no attempt to.—*Danbury News.*

THE SATELLITES OF MARS.

The authorities of the National Observatory have lately published in pamphlet form Professor Hall's "Observations and Orbits of the Satellites of Mars, with Data for Ephemerides in 1879." As many different accounts of the Professor's discoveries have been given, some of them very wide of the truth, we think that the following condensation from the discoverer's own account, now just published in the above pamphlet, together with such description of the satellites as can be obtained from the observations so far made, will be interesting to our readers:

It appears that in the spring of 1877, the idea of availing himself of then approaching favorable opposition of the planet of Mars struck the Professor as a good opportunity to make a search with the large Clark reflector for a satellite of this planet, but on examination the literature of the planet showed such a mass of observations of various kinds by the most skilled astronomers that the chance of finding a satellite appeared to be so slight that but for the encouragement of his wife the Professor would probably have abandoned the search. But a more thorough examination of the observations showed that hardly any astronomer of note had made any special search for satellites since the time of Herschel. Professor D'Arrest, of Copenhagen, had, however, made a search about 1862 or 1864, but failed to find any satellite, and his failure was a further discouragement to Professor Hall; but remembering the power and excellence of the Clark instrument, he thought there was still a slight chance, and began a thorough search early in August, at which time the geocentric motion of the planet would make the detection of a satellite easy. His attention was first directed to several faint objects at some distance from the planet; but all these proved to be fixed stars, and on August 10 he began to examine the region close to the planet within the glare of the light surrounding it, by sliding the eye piece so as to keep the planet just outside of the field of view and then turning the eye piece so as to pass completely around the planet. This night nothing was discovered, as the satellites were very near the planet, but on the night of the 11th, after several sweeps around the planet, a faint object was discovered that afterward proved to be the outer satellite, but fog from the Potomac prevented any further observation at that time, and it was not until the 16th that the satellite could be seen again owing to unfavorable weather. On that night sufficient observations were made to show that it was moving with the planet, and on the succeeding night, while the Professor was watching for the outer satellite, the inner one was discovered. The observations of the 17th and 18th put beyond doubt the character of these objects, and the discovery was publicly announced. The peculiar motion of the inner moon puzzled the Professor, as it appeared on different sides of the planet on the night, which made him think that there were two or three inner moons; but a close observation throughout the nights of August 20 and 21 showed that its frequent appearance was caused by its rapid motion around the primary, which is in less than one-third the time of the primary's rotation—a case unique in our solar system.

Of the various names proposed by different parties the Professor has chosen those suggested by Mr. Madan, of Eton, England namely Deimos for the outer satellite, and Phobos for the inner one, after Mars' chariot horses, or his sons or attendants, as some translators have it.

The Professor gives an exhaustive review of the observations of these minute bodies at the observations of Washington, Greenwich, Oxford, Cambridge, Glasgow, Paris, Pultowa, and other places, from which it is deduced that Deimos revolves around Mars in 1·262429 mean solar day, and Phobos in 0·3189244 of a day, both moving very nearly in a plane of the equator of Mars. The hourly areocentric motion of Phobos is 47·033°; and on account of rapid motion and its nearness to to the planet, this satellite will present a very singular appearance to any inhabitants of Mars, if such there be. It will rise in the west and set in the east, and will pass the outer moon, whose hourly motion is only 11·882°. The distances of these satellites from the center of Mars are: for Deimos 14,500 miles, and for Phobos 5,800 miles. The semi-diameter of the planet being 2,100 miles, the horizontal parallaxes of these satellites are very large, amounting to 21° for Phobos. The nearness of this satellite to the surface of the planet will produce apparent eccentricities of its motion and cause it to appear as a variable star. Its nearness to its primary will make it the most difficult to see, although the brightest of the two.

The size of the satellites is not well known although it is certain they are very small. From comparative measurements of their light, Professor Pickering, of Harvard, estimates Deimos to be six miles in diameter and Phobos seven miles, but other observers have been led to place them at from ten to fourteen miles in diameter.

Professor Hall gives considerable data for calculating ephemerides, which will be found useful in facilitating observations for 1879, but the matter is too long for the space we have at command, and we must therefore refer our astronomical readers to the pamphlet itself, which may be obtained by sending to the National Observatory at Washington.—*Scientific American.*

HALLUCINATIONS.—One does not fail to notice, when proper attention is given to the subject, a fact which is full of meaning, viz., that the apparitions which have been seen at different ages were in harmony with the dominant ideas or beliefs of the age. It is not probable that any one could be found at the present day to affirm that he had seen an old woman riding through the air on a broomstick to a witch's meeting, because the belief in witchcraft is happily well-nigh extinct; but 200 or 300 years ago, when it would have been thought something like blasphemy to doubt the being and doings of witches, persons of character and veracity might have been found to avouch it solemnly. In like manner, apparitions of Satan were not very uncommon in the Middle Ages to persons, who, like Luther, were in earnest spiritual conflict with him, but there is no instance on record, so far as I know, of such an apparition having ever been seen by an ancient Greek or Roman. The Satan of the Middle Ages who give Luther so much trouble had not then been invented. Spirits, ghosts, then, and all apparitions of the same kind, I was prepared, to have pronounced unhesitatingly to have been hallucinations, which would be found on examination to reflect pretty fairly the prevailing ideas of the time concerning the supernatural; but it occurred to me that it might be prudent, before doing that, to consult the article on apparitions in the latest edition of the *Encyclopædia Britannica*, lest perchance I should be outrunning current authority; and I have there discovered, to my no small surprise, that it is still an open question whether invisible inhabitants of the unknown world did not take human or other shapes and become visible to men. The writer of the article plainly inclines to the opinion that they do, and that there is more in the matter than science has yet dreamed of. So also think the Spiritualists. —*The Fortnightly Review.*

THE SPHINX.

He is carved out of the natural rock. If we endeavor to picture to ourselves the appearance of the plateau of the Pyramids before any tombs were placed upon it, we can have little difficulty in the task. Many similar platforms exist all along the Nile in Lower Egypt. There is a broad expanse of black alluvial soil, dotted with occasional palms, and green here and there with corn or clover. Beyond the reach of the inundation rises a wall of stone, 30, 40, perhaps 50 feet above the lower level. The top is flat and covered with loose sand, which blows over on the fields below at every storm. Behind is yet another ridge of higher rocks, and a third step may be still further. On the intermediate level the Pyramids are placed. But if we follow the track of the first Pharoah who came up from Memphis to find a suitable place for his tomb, threading his way by the side of the Nile, through the network of canals, toward a hollow in the long line of low cliffs, the first object which would meet his eye, standing up by itself out of the sand-drift, halfway on the slope between the lower and the higher platforms, would be a great mass or column of rock some 60 or 70 feet in height, and backed by a low ridge running for a couple of hundred feet toward the face of the hill. Such isolated rocks are common in Egypt. One of them stands to the Pyramid of Dashoor just as the Sphinx stands to the pyramid of Chephren. A similar rock probably forms the core of the mysterious Tomb of Sncferoo, at Maydoom. The rock may have already appeared to bear the semblance of a human face. But it could not be overlooked. The first rays of the morning sun would strike it, and the Sphinx, it is all but certain, must have been roughhewn by the earliest occupiers of the tombs of the ancient Empire. It has more than once been suggested that two Sphinxes sat by the Pyramids, like the two Memnbos in the plain of Thebes, and that only one remains. But it is linprobable that two rocks to be carved were on the same slope. If a second Sphinx ever existed, he may have been wholly built up, a circumstance which would help to account for his total disappearance. In Charlotte Brönte's preface to her sister's novel, *Wuthering Heights*, she speaks of her creation of the character of Heathfield in words which, with slight change describe the maker of the Sphinx. His work was "hewn in a wild workshop, with simple tools out of simple materials." He found the block of sandstone in the solitary desert, and, "gazing thereon, he saw how from the crag might be elicited a head, savage, swart, sinister; a form molded with at least one element of grandeur—power. He wrought with a rude chisel and from no model but the vision of his meditations. With time and labor the crag took human shape, and there it stands, colossal, dark, and frowning, half statue, half rock; in the latter almost beautiful." But the concluding lines of Currer Bell's wonderful picture do not apply to the Sphinx; though its coloring is "of mellow gray," no moorland moss clothes it; no "heath with blooming bells and balmy fragrance grows faithfullly close to the giant's foot;" an Arab sits astride on the ear and offers to chop a large piece out of the eyeball for you for half a franc, or a small piece for a piastre.—*The Saturday Review.*

BISMARCK'S COURAGE.—It was in 1866, Bismarck—then Count Bismarck—was returning from the Palace, where he had been to see the King. While passing through the large street of Berlin called Unter den Linden, and quite near the place where Hoedel and Nobiling have since attempted the life of Emperor William, he suddenly heard a shot fired close behind him. He turned sharply round and saw a young man who, with a smoking revolver, was aiming at him. He strode at once up to the man and seized the arm that held the revolver, while with his other hand he grasped the throat of the would-be murderer who, however, had had time to pass his weapon on to his left hand, and now fired three shots in quick succession. Bismarck felt himself hurt in his shoulder and in one of his ribs; but he held his furious assailant fast till some soldiers came up and took hold of him. Then Bismarck walked home at a brisk pace and reached his own house long before anybody there could know what had happened. The Countess had some friends with her when her husband entered the drawing-room. He greated all in a friendly manner and begged to be excused for a few minutes, as he had some urgent business to attend to. He then walked into the next room where his desk stood, and wrote to inform the King of the accident. Having attended to this duty, he returned to the drawing-room and made one of his little standing jokes, ignoring his own unpunctuality, and saying to his wife: "Well, are we to have dinner to-day? You always keep me waiting." He sat down and partook heartily of the dishes set before him, and it was only when the dinner was over that he walked up to the Countess, kissed her on the forhead, wished her in the old German way, *Gesegnete!*" (May your meal be blessed!) and then added: "You see I am quite well."

She looked up at him. "Well," he continued, "you must not be anxious, my child. Somebody has fired at me; but it is nothing, as you see."—*Blackwood's Magazine.*

The intelligent Mr. James Wilson, of Bruce, Ontario, went to shoot crows and placed his left hand over the muzzle of his gun so as "to keep the crows from smelling the powder" till the last moment. He has more sense now, but less hands.

It was Horne Tooke whom George III. asked if he played cards, and whom gravely replied, "No, your majesty! The fact is, I cannot tell a king from a knave." It isn't always easy, especially when the two have greenbacks.

A Nashville belle has feet that do not match. Both are perfect in shape, but one is a number one and the other a number seven. She always puts her best foot forward.

"Glass slippers" are announced. It is doubtful if the small boy finds as many panes in them as he has discovered in the old kind. "There's nothing like leather," after all.

Suppose the women of this country would refuse to work over eight hours a day, what would man do for his supper?

A mosquito net is a most excellent invention. It prevents the insects from leaving the house during business hours.

One would think in a general stagnation everything would would be deer. Quite the contrary.

A man dyes his gray head, when if he would but wait his gray head would die itself.

Tramps in the South are burning cottongins. They will consume any kind of gin.

The famous Eastern explorer has a corner on ancient cities. He is a Schlie man.

Smythekins, who is wooing an heiress, says he is prosecuting a suit for $100,000.

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Bucks County Gazette:

JESSE O. THOMAS, Editor.

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BUCKS COUNTY GENERAL ELECTION RETURNS FOR 1878.--OFFICIAL.

	Bristol Borough	Bristol Town'p	Bensalem	Bedminster	Buckingham	Bridgeton	Doylestown Bor.	Doylestown T'p	Durham	Falls	Haycock	Hilltown	Hulmeville Bor.	Langhorne Bor.	Low'r Makefield	Upp'r Makefield	Middletown	Milford	Morrisville	New Hope
GOVERNOR,																				
Dill, D.	309	107	249	275	224	87	259	220	188	139	255	284	23	17	167	89	111	463	86	144
Hoyt, R.	495	256	220	251	441	115	206	204	123	344	86	363	57	116	339	258	206	180	133	147
MASON, G.	86	3	1		7	8	15	1		5	2				4	11				2
LIEUT. GOV.																				
Fertig	310	157	274	276	223	87	260	220	187	141	255	283	23	16	167	89	111	463	86	146
Stone	486	257	222	250	443	115	205	204	123	342	66	304	57	117	339	255	206	180	133	147
STECK	85	3	1		7	8	15	1		5	2				4	11				2
INT. AFFAIRS																				
Africa	310	159	247	276	224	87	263	220	187	141	255	283	26	16	167	89	113	463	86	144
Dunkel	494	255	222	250	442	115	202	204	123	342	68	304	55	117	339	255	204	180	133	147
WRIGHT	89	3	1		7	8	15	1	1	5	2				4	11				2
JUDGE S. CT.																				
Ross	322	189	200	275	241	96	311	226	198	148	255	285	23	25	169	87	112	463	89	149
Sterrett	471	220	204	248	309	103	152	195	112	331	66	358	55	110	347	252	204	176	130	142
AGNEW	88	3	4		7	11	25	4		6	2	1			1	12	1			2
CONGRESS,																				
James	302	160	250	274	232		275	224		147		283	24	18	166	93	109		87	145
Godshalk	488	254	220	248	430		192	203		333		358	66	114	337	250	211		132	144
ACKER	103	4	2		9		19	1		5					7	6	1			2
SENATE,																				
Pursell	382	152	251	267	225	105	257	220	174	138	246	281	20	15	157	111	108	434	86	139
Thomas	445	256	221	254	443	101	210	210	132	343	76	368	60	119	349	242	211	210	133	152
TOMLINSON	68	1	1		6	6	15	1		5	1				3	6				3
ASSEMBLY,																				
Snyder	306	146	249	274	223	87	258	214	183	132	248	282	21	14	167	91	108	425	86	146
Moore	307	151	249	270	220	87	258	214	187	133	254	304	21	14	167	90	106	463	88	145
Scarborough	291	138	250	274	183	81	257	190	179	114	255	284	20	16	160	82	107	460	80	170
Phillips	453	184	255	274	225	80	257	212	185	134	255	284	23	16	174	91	110	461	89	146
Roberts	457	249	222	251	441	114	211	209	120	337	71	365	57	116	338	261	210	216	132	144
Clemens	482	253	222	248	440	117	222	255	122	336	65	348	59	118	341	260	208	181	132	142
Worthington	487	253	221	251	484	115	212	212	128	341	64	305	59	119	345	267	210	180	131	143
Burton	489	298	221	250	438	119	208	207	122	360	64	363	59	118	340	262	213	182	149	136
MONDAU	68		1		6	16	12	1		5	4				1	7				2
SMITH	78		1		6	8	11	1	1	5	3				2	6				8
STONE	70	1	1		6	8	18	1	4	5	3				2	6				2
NEVEGOLD	85	1	1		6	8	13	1	1	5	3				2	6				2
SHERIFF,																				
Scott	306	146	205	206	222	87	242	200	184	100	256	271	14	14	176	100	93	461	82	143
Ely	525	270	262	259	411	119	228	224	125	376	64	377	61	118	331	238	224	181	133	147
KELLER	64				5	6	5		1	6	2				1	5				2
PROTHON'Y,																				
Ochs	307	110	251	275	230	88	201	220	181	138	258	284	20	15	166	91	106	493	86	144
Folwell	507	200	222	250	449	116	207	210	126	343	65	305	50	119	342	282	211	147	133	148
MARTIN	79	1	1		5	8	14	1	1	5					3	6				2
REG. WILLS,																				
Campbell	332	162	251	263	219	84	310	229	172	137	254	281	20	16	168	100	108	465	86	145
Breen	411	253	217	251	426	109	148	185	120	330	64	357	57	116	338	232	200	175	133	142
EISENHART	86	1	1		6	7	13	2	1	5	4				3	6				1
REC. DEEDS,																				
Ely	307	166	248	274	214	87	267	221	186	129	255	284	19	15	203	94	107	461	87	145
Bartlett	502	253	225	251	454	116	205	208	123	350	64	365	59	118	214	256	210	182	132	146
GILBERT	81	1	1		5	8	12	1	1	5	3				1	6				2
C'K O. C'T,																				
Fulmer	288	124	147	273	225	112	262	221	205	127	253	284	17	13	166	92	97	461	84	146
Roberts	521	295	328	251	441	94	208	209	103	351	59	365	62	121	343	260	222	181	135	146
COURTER	75				6	6	13	1	1	5	9				3	6				2
C'K Q. S. & O.T.																				
Sunderland	217	152	252	274	227	88	261	222	187	133	265	284	19	15	109	93	108	461	86	144
Highland	610	267	220	251	442	116	209	208	122	346	64	365	60	119	340	260	211	181	133	144
KEATING	63	1	1		5	8	13	1	1	5	3				3	6				6
COMMIS'ERS,																				
Hartzell	277	140	186	276	222	102	260	217	196	130	255	300	13	15	149	89	104	468	86	135
Lovett	291	150	245	270	219	70	257	216	177	129	255	279	22	26	181	100	103	461	86	129
Hannum	509	248	191	201	418	113	211	200	132	340	64	341	43	96	341	225	205	179	133	175
Tomlinson	534	285	333	251	395	114	206	210	116	355	64	358	65	121	343	265	220	175	133	146
CARROLL	81	1			6	8	13	1	1	5	3				1	6				2
RICE	77	1			5	8	9	1	1	5	1				1	4				
DIREC POOR,																				
Kinsey	401	179	264	273	220	88	279	227	187	153	255	284	51	18	183	99	111	461	98	141
Price	401	239	204	252	433	116	190	196	123	326	64	364	28	115	328	249	207	181	121	151
MALONE	77	1	1		5	8	13	2	1	5	3				1	5				2
AUDITORS,																				
Harvey	308	160	251	275	226	88	270	225	186	138	255	284	21	15	160	93	108	461	86	141
Gaino	307	159	251	274	226	88	259	221	185	138	255	284	21	15	105	92	108	461	86	142
Eastburn	503	260	222	251	438	116	209	208	124	337	64	365	59	118	335	250	210	181	133	152
Moore	502	253	222	250	441	116	203	203	122	338	66	365	57	117	342	261	211	181	133	147
EGOLF	81	1	1		5	8	8	1	1	5	1				3	6				
SMITH	82	1	1		5	8	11	1	1	5	1				3	6				2

	New Britain	Newtown Bor.	Newtown T'p	Northampton	Nockamixon	Plumstead	Quakertown	Rockhill	East Rockhill	Richland	Sellersville	Southampton	Solebury	Springfield	Tinicum	Warrington	Warminster	Warwick	Wrightstown	TOTAL
GOVERNOR,																				
Dill, D.	180	93	102	232	271	219	220	391	137	290	78	237	223	350	409	126	111	83	48	7652
Hoyt, R.	230	158	154	198	59	396	156	177	21	151	28	137	444	171	89	90	129	126	163	7691
MASON, G.		2		3	5	14	6	11		1	5		2	2	1				1	200
LIEUT. GOV.																				
Fertig	180	92	102	232	271	220	220	390	136	296	77	237	222	349	400	126	111	85	48	7647
Stone	230	160	154	193	59	396	156	177	22	150	26	137	444	172	80	90	129	126	163	7608
STECK		2		3	5	14	6	12		1	5		2	2	1				1	199
INT. AFFAIRS																				
Africa	180	92	102	232	271	220	219	390	136	290	77	236	223	349	409	120	111	83	48	7553
Dunkel	230	160	154	199	59	393	156	177	22	150	26	138	444	172	89	99	129	126	163	7595
WRIGHT		2		3	5	14	7	12		1	5		2	2	1				1	204
JUDGE S. CT.																				
Ross	182	114	105	237	272	224	221	392	139	294	79	245	232	352	419	136	120	88	53	7827
Sterrett	228	140	151	192	57	387	132	178	20	146	26	129	420	169	74	87	114	190	166	7216
AGNEW	3	1		3	5	14	9	12		1	4		2	2	1		1		1	226
CONGRESS,																				
James	186	99	101	252		224						238	224			140	110	87	52	4501
Godshalk	227	153	180	182		381						130	441			83	130	121	150	6147
ACKER		2		1		19							4							135
SENATE,																				
Pursell	179	92	101	236	275	212	152	349	131	265	61	237	216	337	384	127	109	84	49	7374
Thomas	236	162	156	199	58	402	215	216	27	174	44	137	452	182	115	98	130	125	163	7825
TOMLINSON					5	15	8	7			4		4	2						182
ASSEMBLY,																				
Snyder	179	93	102	233	276	216	287	385	133	314	74	236	223	343	408	127	110	84	49	7431
Moore	183	93	102	232	277	216	229	478	137	293	100	236	219	354	405	127	107	81	49	7655
Scarborough	178	92	100	225	276	213	215	387	134	287	77	233	207	347	393	125	110	40	46	7203
Phillips	181	96	102	231	273	216	215	380	134	289	75	236	220	347	408	125	110	84	50	7692
Roberts	211	159	155	202	67	398	163	179	23	158	32	137	448	172	90	98	150	125	163	7646
Clemens	232	100	155	202	61	400	140	103	22	145	15	137	449	167	98	95	131	123	165	7551
Worthington	236	160	155	210	58	398	151	173	21	116	25	141	461	172	101	105	130	162	163	7745
Burton	233	159	156	203	59	399	139	171	21	131	25	137	448	173	95	98	130	125	163	7672
MONDAU					8	15	5	8			1		2	4						116
SMITH					8	15	7	6		1	2		3	2						107
STONE		1			6	15	7	10		1	3		2	2						174
NEVEGOLD					5	15	8	10		1	3		2	2						181
SHERIFF,																				
Scott	170	92	127	204	273	219	215	389	136	290	68	224	202	346	396	100	82	55	67	7221
Ely	239	158	120	218	62	392	160	179	22	150	83	142	469	173	101	115	153	146	154	7887
KELLER					2	14	7	10		1	4		2	2						138
PROTHON'Y,																				
Ochs	180	93	102	229	279	216	271	387	140	313	58	236	221	350	410	126	101	81	49	7010
Folwell	234	160	106	205	58	397	110	183	18	129	46	138	449	160	90	99	139	127	163	7610
MARTIN		1			5	14	1	8			2		2	2						101
REG. WILLS,																				
Campbell	181	95	105	218	272	212	221	393	139	288	74	236	215	349	384	124	99	14	46	7467
Breen	227	150	140	201	66	378	144	177	18	153	25	132	443	172	109	96	136	191	159	7397
EISENHART		2			6	14	10	10		1	4		2	2						187
REC. DEEDS,																				
Ely	180	88	100	150	278	216	219	392	136	290	76	230	225	348	411	122	93	52	43	7498
Bartlett	234	161	155	284	58	399	155	178	22	152	29	153	443	173	90	103	146	155	167	7639
GILBERT					5	15	8	10		1	4		2	2						174
C'K O. C'T,																				
Fulmer	180	92	102	232	298	216	220	392	136	289	76	237	221	378	406	127	110	83	49	7441
Roberts	234	160	105	202	40	400	164	178	22	152	20	137	448	141	88	98	130	125	162	7756
COURTER		1			4	14	8	[illegible]		1	4		2	2						172
C'K Q. S. & O.T.																				
Sunderland	180	117	110	233	279	216	219	392	136	290	77	237	222	348	411	127	111	87	49	7491
Highland	234	151	145	209	58	399	155	176	22	152	28	137	446	173	89	98	128	121	163	7725
KEATING		1			5	15	8	10		1	4		2	2						164
COMMIS'ERS,																				
Hartzell	180	82	96	232	274	214	215	447	141	289	88	235	196	348	412	127	110	83	48	7397
Lovett	180	140	120	257	274	212	216	390	136	289	74	238	196	348	376	128	111	85	69	7499
Hannum	231	117	134	162	65	362	154	149	15	153	27	131	470	173	122	96	111	121	143	7304
Tomlinson	233	165	159	200	59	369	152	161	21	151	18	143	365	173	89	97	130	125	162	7681
CARROLL					5	13	17	10		1	4		2	2						182
RICE					5	14	7			1	2		3	2						147
DIREC POOR,																				
Kinsey	182	110	108	232	279	219	219	392	136	290	77	237	229	347	411	120	110	89	20	7785
Price	230	144	147	201	58	396	154	178	22	152	28	135	440	173	90	98	124	116	188	7356
MALONE					5	15	8	10		1	4		2	2			1			172
AUDITORS,																				
Harvey	179	93	102	233	279	215	210	392	136	289	76	236	221	348	411	127	110	83	49	7559
Gaino	180	94	106	233	279	215	216	392	136	290	75	237	222	348	411	127	110	83	99	7589
Eastburn	234	158	151	202	58	390	152	179	22	167	28	137	446	173	90	98	130	125	124	7601
Moore	234	161	153	202	58	399	159	178	22	152	29	137	449	173	90	98	129	125	151	7634
EGOLF					5	15	8	9		1	4		2	2						167
SMITH					5	16	8	10		1	4		2	2			1			175

—The readers of the GAZETTE will be pleased to know that "Apple Blossoms," a volume of the writings of the young Berkshire poets, Elaine and Dora Read Goodale, is to be published to-day, by Putnam & Sons, New York City.

Of this volume a very competent writer, the Rev. J. F. Merriam of Springfield, Mass., says. "It is one of the most exquisite and charming contributions to our English verse that has come from any source for years." Another writer says, Elaine and Dora Read Goodale are the most promising little girls in America. They began to write poems as early as four years of age. Their exhibition of genius is so undoubted that they have excited the interest and admiration of Longfellow and other poets of the age, who write in most hearty appreciation of their rare and surprising gift of poesy, and it is true that for depth of thought, unlabored rhyme, and the spirit of real poetry, they equal many of the poets of mature years, whose fame is established before the world."

This is high praise, but it is not too high, as the readers of the GAZETTE will feel, when they call to mind "October," "Ashes of Roses," Queen Harebell," "Walt," and other poems which from time to time have appeared in our columns, and especially when they remember the noble verses of Elaine, "All the Year Round," which we transferred to the GAZETTE from the *Springfield Sunday Afternoon*, not very long since. "Apple Blossoms," will sustain and extend the high reputation which these and other poems in various magazines have given to these children of genius. It will command a ready and a constantly increasing sale as its merits become known. Indeed we are sure that this venture of these remarkable children will be received with an enthusiasm very unusual, not so much because of the tender age of the authors as because of the extraordinary divine gifts bestowed on them, the proof of which will be manifest on every page.

CAPE MAY DEVASTATED BY FIRE.—A fire broke out in the attic of the Ocean House, Cape May, about seven o'clock on Saturday morning last, believed to have been the work of an incendiary, and the wind being strong from the northwest a considerable portion of the city was destryed before the flames could be arrested. There was plenty of water but a great lack of fire apparatus, and the buildings being all of frame and very dry they were swept away without the slightest hope of checking the flames in the centre where the fire originated and for a radius of considerable extent. It is estimated that the buildings destroyed occupied an extent of forty acres. The fire burned irresistibly from 7 o'clock a. m. to nearly 6 in the evening. No lives were lost and no one was seriously injured. The following are the principal buildings destroyed:—Congress Hall, loss $100,000; Ocean House, $45,000; Centre House $35,-000; Columbia House, $60,000; Atlantic House, $20,000; Merchants' Hotel, $15,000; Wyoming Cottage, $10,000; Cahill's cottage, $6000; Fryer's cottage, $10,000; Avenue Hotel, $5500; E. King's four cottages, &c., $40,000; Judge Hamburger's cottage, $3500; S. A. Rudolph's cottage, $4000, McConnell's cottages damaged $2000; Knickerbocker Hotel, $1500 damages; Barrett's saloon, $4500; Dennisott's cottage, &c., $6000, Stockton Hotel bath-houses, $5000; Centennial Cottage, $5000; Fenton's Cottage $1000; Peterson's cottage, $4000; Wolf Cottage $4500; Beaver Cottage, $6000; Tasker's cottage, $4500; Smoot's cottage, $4500. There was considerable insurance upon the different properties, and a large portion on outside companies. The Philadelphia companies will not suffer severely. Much of the property was owned by Philadelphians.

—A most interesting discussion appears in the *Contemporary Review* for November in regard to the use and abuse of alcohol. Sir James Paget holds that moderation in the use of what are called "strong drinks" is better than total abstinence. "As to working power, whether bodily or mental." he observes, "there can be no question that the advantage is on the side of those who use alcoholic beverages." He thinks that it conduces even to longevity, and he is clear in his conclusion that "west against east, north against south, the heirs of the moderate drinkers are better men in form of body and mind than are the heirs of abstainers." Dr. Lauder Brunton, on the other hand, reasons that for most individuals alcohol is wholly unnecessary: that other stimulants which are not intoxicating are more useful; that it should never be taken except with meals or under medical advice; and that, though not positively hurtful if used in moderation, it would be better dispensed with. Dr. Albert Bernays considers the moderate use of drink to be true temperance; and, while agreeing with Dr. Brunton, that "it may be considered a matter beyond dispute that it is incorrect to partake of any alcoholic drink without some solid food," declares that "the pleasant anaesthetic effects of a effects of a single glass of good beer at a meal in which meat or cheese forms an important feature cannot be denied by those who have tasted it."

—The *Doylestown Democrat* has toned down considerably this week, but still it has not reached a philosophical calmness as it insinuates, to use the classical language of the late Manton Marble, that "traces of money payment are darkly visible" in the Republican management of the campaign in this county. The *Democrat* should be more specific. Has it any cipher telegrams?

—The Mexican Government pays $50 a head for European immigrants who will settle permanently at Mesade Coronels. As soon as the immigrant is permanently settled he can draw on the Custom House at Vera Cruz $50 for himself, $50 for his wife and $50 for each child over four years of age. The arrangement is for ten years from January last.

Election Frauds in South Carolina.

Almost every mail brings reports of open and systematic frauds and acts of violence committed by the Democrats of South Carolina at the election last week. The following letter from ex-Congressman Mackey, the Republican candidate for election in the Charleston District, published in the *New York Tribune*, will be found interesting:

"CHARLESTON, S. C., Nov. 7, 1878.

"MY DEAR SIR: Yours of the 5th inst. received. As you anticipated, the Democrats have counted me out. That I received a majority of at least 5,000 there is no doubt; yet O'Connor is given by the election officers a majority of 7,000, and perhaps it will be more. How it has been done I shall tell you, and I hope you will publish the facts in every paper you can.

"In the first place, in the appointment of managers of elections, the Democratic Commissioners of Elections in the several counties in this district absolutely refused to appoint a single Republican manager throughout the district, so that we were compelled to vote without a single election officer to represent us in the entire district. It is true we had a United States Supervisor appointed at each poll; and though the Democratic managers at most of the polls admitted them into the polling places, yet they threw every obstacle they could in their way, and in no instance would they allow them to exercise any authority save to stand by and witness the voting. In some instances the authority of the supervisors was entirely ignored. In one case the managers ordered the supervisor out of the polling place, and upon his refusing to go they ordered the State constables to eject him, which they did. This was at the Mt. Pleasant poll in this county. At the Palmetto engine house in Ward Three of this city, the supervisor was severely beaten by the Democratic voters and driven away from the polls. The authority of the United States Marshals was treated with utter contempt, and to save themselves from arrest by the city and State authorities they were compelled to refrain from exercising any authority.

"In this city the Democratic managers of elections arbitrarily refused to at least 2,000 colored voters the right to vote. Unless a colored man was known to one of the managers of election he was refused the right to vote unless he could bring witnesses to prove where he resided. Many were turned off under the pretext that they were not twenty-one years of age, or rather that the managers were doubtful of it.

"At the last session of the Legislature, the two voting precincts in St. Andrew's Parish were abolished, and the 900 colored voters of that section of the country left without a polling place. The parish is only separated from the city by the Ashley River, and used to be connected with Charleston by a bridge which you will probably recollect was burned at the evacuation of the city by the rebels. The people crossed over to the City of Charleston for the purpose of voting, but the Democratic managers would not receive their votes, though the City of Charleston was the only place where they could vote. The Legislature also abolished all the voting places on the State road between Charleston and Summerville, and yet when the people came to Charleston to vote the Democratic managers denied them the privilege, telling them to go and vote where they lived, although they knew full well that there was no polling place where they resided.

"Notwithstanding all these outrages, the Republicans carried this county by at least 4,000 majority, but to their utter surprise, when the ballot-boxes were opened at the various polls, the boxes were found to contain in most cases several hundred more ballots than there were names on the poll list. Out of the 32 polls in this county, at 20 of them the ballots were largely in excess of the names on the poll list. Every ballot-box was stuffed with tickets of the kind I inclose. [The ticket is of tissue paper with the names printed upon it. 'For Governor, Wade Hampton,' etc.] These tickets were not circulated during the election, but had been printed by the Democratic Executive Committee and distributed amongst the managers only. The regular Democratic ticket as well as the Republican ticket, was five times as large. In most instances, especially where very few Democratic votes were cast, the managers, after counting the ballots and ascertaining the excess, returned them to the ballot-box, but were careful to leave them unfolded, and proceeded to draw out the number of ballots in excess. They were careful, however, to draw out none of these small tickets, but in every instance the large Republican ballots were drawn out and destroyed.

"At the Mt. Pleasant poll 482 Republican ballots were thus drawn out and destroyed, and this poll, where the Republicans had voted five to one against the Democrats, was made to give a Democratic majority of 320.

"The most outrageous cases of ballot-box stuffing occurred at the two polls in Ward Three of this city. At the poll known as Palmetto Engine House, one of the managers, W. L. Daggett, the foreman of *The News and Courier* job printing office, stuffed 2,500 of these little tickets in the box after the poll was closed. The managers, finding that there were 3,569 ballots in the box, declined to throw out any, but counted them all, and returned the vote of that poll as 461 for Mackey and 3,108 for O'Connor. At the other poll in this ward the same act was performed, and the managers returned 121 for Mackey and 1,866 for O'Connor, so that one ward out of the eight in the city was made to give a majority of 4,392 votes for O'Connor. The utter impossibility of voting 3,569 persons at one poll in the space of twelve hours need hardly be argued. As the managers swore each voter separately, and in many cases consumed three or four minutes questioning some voters, it is safe to say that the average time consumed in voting each man was one minute, which would allow 720 votes to be polled, provided there was a continuous stream of voters during the twelve hours the polls were opened. Yet at this poll the managers make a return under oath that 3,569 persons voted in the space of twelve hours. By this method Charleston City is made to give O'Connor a majority of 6,527, or a majority larger than the entire Democratic vote of the city.

"Throughout this country and the entire district the boxes were stuffed in the same way, not only in Charleston, but in Clarendon. Not satisfied with stuffing the ballot-boxes, the Democrats, finding it impossible to stuff the ballot-box at the Washington Engine House, in Ward Six, because of the vigilance of the United States Supervisor, put out the lights and stole the box and destroyed it because I had a majority of about 500 there. On Edisto Island, where 1,000 Republican voters reside, and where the Democrats have only about 40 or 50 votes, the Democratic Commissioners failed to open the polls, thus actually disfranchising these voters.

"It is useless writing any more of these disgusting detaails. I see no remedy for the wrongs we are compelled to submit to. The publication of them I am afraid, will do little good; but still publish them far and wide, so the world may know to what crimes the respectable Democrats of South Carolina will descend. The inmates of the South Carolina Penitentiary would not be guilty of the acts committed on Tuesday by the Democrats of this State. Yours, truly,

E. W. M. MACKEY."

—The Philadelphia papers of Monday contain an item in reference to William H. Cook, formerly prothonotary of Bucks county. It is feared that he has committed suicide. He is described as being six feet in height, stout built, dark complexion, and wears beard and mustache.

—The chief of police of a town in Minnesota has issued an order to the effect that "all persons whose cows are found running at large in the city limits will be impounded." A more effective process, on the whole, would be to impound the cattle.

☞ Corruption in our National affairs has the same effect on the Government that a severe cough or cold has upon the human system. Political reform in the former and Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup in the latter case will remedy the evils. At the druggist's 25 cents.

—The *Advance* claims the credit of having killed the Greenback movement in this county.

A DEMOCRAT ON DEMOCRACY.

A Muriatic Acid Editorial on the Democratic "Reformers."

[*From the Chicago Times, Nov. 7.*]

That which goes by the name of Democratic party may be likened unto the individual that went out to gather wool and came back shorn.

For every practical purpose a party (in this country) consists in the party managers, in the men who seek the offices the party is organized to get, who declare the party purposes and give direction to the party activities. Standing in the relation of interlocutor, these are the men who announce what "the party" will do for the country if "the people" will only put their trust in "it" (the managers) and place "it" (the managers) in power (in the offices the managers seek to hold).

Bourbons by nature, who never learn anything and never forget anything, the managers of the old graveyard party concern cannot forget that they or their predecessors of the same party designation once enjoyed the spoils of office; cannot forget that their guiding maxim was: "The spoils belong to the victors;" cannot forget that "anything to get office" is the rule by which the managers of that party name have always proceeded in pursuing their party aim—the spoils. By this rule they have been acting ever since their expulsion from the official flesh pots in 1860. In 1864, when the country was weary of war, and despondent over the dark look ahead, they went out to gather wool by the proposition to compromise the national dignity and honor by making peace with an enemy in arms. They came back shorn. In 1868 they went out to gather wool by the proposition to repudiate the national obligations contracted on account of the war, then brought to a successful issue. They came back shorn. In 1872 they went out to gather wool thinly disguised in Dr. Greeley's old papa government overcoat, which, for a quarter of a century, they had anathematized with furious vehemence. They came back shorn. In 1876 they went out to gather wool in a "reform" craft, warranted to sail in two opposite directions at the same time, with the great "cipher" reformer to steer towards honest money and the dulcet demagogue of Hoosierdom to steer towards sham money. They came back shorn. With all these lessons of experience before them they still were incapable of learning anything or forgetting anything. Still they clung to the party rule, "Anything to get office." Observing that some lunatics and idiots were making a great outcry for the production of wealth out of nothing by legislative enactment, and fancying that the American people were mostly idiots, or soon to become idiots, they went out to gather wool by the knavish cry for the perpetuation and extension of a flagitious scheme of government swindling. Again they came back shorn. The result of the November ballot boxing has left them scattered over the wide field of contest, from ocean to ocean, fleeceless, scalpless, pitiful objects of the highest contempt honest men can feel for political knavery and folly. They persisted in acting like men combining the character of knaves and fools, and have again met the just reward that, sooner or later, knaves and fools must receive.

Though that which goes by the name of Democratic party will continue to assert itself as a majority in the national Congress opposed to the administration, it is an opposition without vitality, save as a mode of personal hostility to office-holders whose places its leaders seek to get. As an opposition to the resumption policy of the Government, as an opposition proposing the silly and villainous programme of a fiat greenback currency, it is no longer threatening or formidable. As a sham money party, the Democrat combination of office-seekers has reached the end of its rope. Like the fraud programme, the sham money programme is played out. The party chiefs that have been traveling that road in the hope that it would bring them to the spoils are compelled to perceive that the country will not follow them in that direction.

What new course will they take? What new leaders bring to the front to replace the fiat money humbugs that have been shorn in the latest wool-gathering? In what direction will the Democracy go out wool-gathering next?

Morrisville Notes.

Mrs. Deyo, of Duchess county, New York, gave a lecture on "Temperance and Reform," in the Morrisville M. E. Church, on Wednesday evening, the 6th inst. On Thursday evening she delivered a lecture at Fallsington.

Mrs. Harrop, an aged and highly respected lady of this borough, died suddenly the latter part of the week before last. She was buried from the Advent church, of which she had long been a member, on the 6th inst.

The Lyceum commenced on Saturday evening last. The subject for debate next Saturday evening is, "Resolved, that the government of the United States should appropriate funds for the erection of a monument at Morrisville, in honor of Robert Morris.

The converted Jew, Mr. Ross Valley, told of several of the superstitions connected with the religion of the Jews.

Mrs. Marion Mitchell, wife of Harry Mitchell, of Trenton, was buried from the M. E. Church, on Tuesday afternoon. She was a daughter of Mr. Williams, of the firm of Brady & Williams, formerly of this place.

At a meeting held at the Presbyterian Church, last Friday evening, the following named persons were elected trustees: Messrs. Joseph C. Taylor, David H. Taylor, Mahlon Moon, Sr., Edward Kirkbride, Charles Parsons and Isha V. Smith. The Ladies Mite Society of the church have appointed a committee to have the church insured.

—Plin White, a man with several aliases, recently arrested in New York and taken to Boston on a charge of swindling, has been delivered to officers from Kansas-City, Mo. He is charged with defrauding persons in that city of amounts aggregating $107,000.

—Five men robbed a stage coach near Fort Laramie, about three weeks ago. Two of them have been shot dead by pursuers two of them have been hanged by lynchers and the survivor has fled the Territory.

☞ GOOD FOR BABIES.—We are pleased to say that our baby was permanently cured of serious protracted irregularity of the bowels by the use of Hop Bitters by its mother, which at the same time restored her to perfect health and strength.—The Parents, University ave., Rochester, N. Y. See another column.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.
NEW YORK DIVISION.

Trains to and from Bristol Station

For Philadelphia.

Kensington Depot, 7:08, 7:35, 8:24, 9:24 A. M. 12:26, 3:40, 5:56, and 7:21, P. M. West Phila. Depot, 6:25, 10:23 A. M., and 1:10, 3:09, 7:04, and 9:56 P. M. On Sundays, Kensington Depot, 12:26, and 5:27 P. M. West Phila. Depot, at 7:04 and 9:56 P. M.

For New York.

At 1:16, 7:37, 9:13, and 11:43 A. M., 2:59, 6:19, and 7:44 P. M. Sunday trains 9:13 A. M., and 8:10 P. M.

For Trenton.

At 6:23, 9:13, 11:09, and 11:43 A. M., 2:20, 2:53, 4:48, 5:24, 6:12, 6:19, 7:05, 7:44, and 9:06 P. M. On Sundays, 9:13 9:53, A. M. and 2:53, 8:10, P. M.

☞ The 3.23, 11.09, 11.43, A. M., 2.53, 4.48, and 6.12 P. M. trains connect with Belvidere Division.

From Trenton.

At 6:40, 7:10, 8:00, 9:00, and 10:14 A. M., 12:00 M., 12:52, 2:50, 3:20, 5:30, 6:45 6:55, and 9:35 P. M. On Sundays, 12:00 noon, 5:00, 6:45, and 9:35 P. M.

From Philadelphia.

Leaves Kensington Depot, at 7:40, and 10:15 A. M. 2:10, 4:10, 4:40, 5:30, 6:15, and 8:20 P. M. West Philadelphia Depot, at 6:30 and 11:00 A. M., and 2:00, 5:30 and 7:00 P. M. and 12:00 night.

From New York.

At 7:25, 8:15, and 10:55 A. M., 12:55, 4:55, and 7:25 P. M.

From Philadelphia, Westward.

Trains leave West Philadelphia for Harrisburg, Pittsburg and the West, at 8.00, A. M., and 12.50 6.15, P. M., daily, except Sunday, and 7.20, 9.10 A. M. 11.55, P. M., daily.

For Harrisburg, Williamsport, the Oil Regions and Erie, at 12.55 and 11.55, P. M.

For Harrisburg, Elmira, Canandaigua, Niagara Falls, &c., at 7.20, A. M.

A Through Passenger Train, especially for parties moving westward, leaves Philadelphia at 12.05 A.M., daily, except Monday. For passage by this train, application should be made to Francis Funk, Agent, 116 Market Street, Philadelphia, where first-class and emigrant tickets can be obtained.

For further information see time tables, which can be obtained at the ticket office.

F. THOMSON, Gen. Manager. L. P. FARMER, Gen. Pass. Agent

F. W. JACKSON,

60 Gen. Supt. U. R. R. of N. J. Division.

The Steamboat
Nelly White

AFTER having been thoroughly refitted and handsomely painted has resumed her trips between Bordentown and Philadelphia, stopping at the following places.

Leaves Bordentown at 7 o'clock A. M.; White Hill, 7.10; Penn's Manor, 7.20; Florence, 7.35; Hazzards, 7.40; Bristol, 8.00; Burlington, 8.10; Beverly, 8.50. Returning, leave Philadelphia, Arch street wharf, at 3.00 P. M.

Philadelphia.

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER

Invite the attention of buyers everywhere to an inspection of their wonderful and almost unequalled facilities for the distribution of all kinds of

RELIABLE DRY GOODS,

at prices but little over cost of importation.

Our new and magnificent store, lately opened and now thoroughly organized, is filled from basement to roof with one of the *finest stocks* of every variety of

GOODS FOR LADIES' WEAR,

AND

FOR HOUSEKEEPING NEEDS,

ever shown in an American house.

While we keep a large stock of the

FINEST GOODS MADE BY FOREIGN LOOMS,

We make a specialty of

MEDIUM-PRICED TEXTURES

Which are worn by the people largely, in city and country, all over the nation.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS AND EXCLUSIVELY CASH PURCHASES give us advantages that are shared by but few houses, which advantages are secured by all who deal with us.

To those who cannot conveniently visit the city

OUR MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT

gives every advantage in making selections and purchasing goods that residents of Philadelphia enjoy.

The assortment we display this season is scarcely equalled this country; and cannot be surpassed, especially in

SILKS, STAPLE AND FANCY DRESS GOODS,
BLACK GOODS, PRINTS,
HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR,
GLOVES, DRESS TRIMMINGS,
LADIES' AND CHILDRENS' CLOAKS AND SUITS,
LINENS AND MUSLINS,
BLANKETS AND FLANNELS,
ETC., ETC.

A visit to the city will be amply repaid by an inspection of our magnificent establishment, and an examination of the immense stock of the latest novelties in the finest Foreign Fabrics; the wonderful assortment of medium-priced Dress Textures, and the general stock throughout the house, which is not surpassed in America.

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER,

N. W. Corner Eighth & Market Streets,

PHILADELPHIA.

B. F. DEWEES,

1124 Chestnut Street, - Philadelphia.

SPECIAL BARGAINS.

SPECIAL BARGAINS YOU CAN BUY SPECIAL BARGAINS
SPECIAL BARGAINS GOOD CANTON FLANNEL FOR 8c SPECIAL BARGAINS
SPECIAL BARGAINS YOU CAN BUY SPECIAL BARGAINS
SPECIAL BARGAINS 10-4 ALL-WOOL BLANKETS for $1.75. SPECIAL BARGAINS
SPECIAL BARGAINS YOU CAN BUY SPECIAL BARGAINS
SPECIAL BARGAINS ROYAL POPLINS FOR 15c. SPECIAL BARAAINS
SPECIAL BARGAINS YOU CAN BUY SPECIAL BARGAINS
SPECIAL BARGAINS ALL-WOOL BLACK POPLINS for 35c. SPECIAL BARGAINS
SPECIAL BARGAINS YOU CAN BUY SPECIAL BARGAINS
SPECIAL BARGAINS CHEAPEST RIBBONS EVER SOLD. SPECIAL BARGAINS
SPECIAL BARGAINS YOU CAN BUY SPECIAL BARGAINS
SPECIAL VARGAINS BEST BARGAINS IN DRESS GOODS. SPECIAL BARGAINS
SPECIAL BARGAINS YOU CAN BUY SPECIAL BARGAINS
SPECIAL BARGAINS BEST BLACK CASHMERE SPECIAL BARGAINS
SPECIAL BARGAINS YOU CAN BUY SPECIAL BARGAINS
SPECIAL BARGAINS BLACK SILK WARRANTED to WEAR. SPECIAL BARGAINS
SPECIAL BARGAINS YOU CAN BUY SPECIAL BARGAINS
SPECIAL BARGAINS BEST DRY GOODS for LEAST MONEY. SPECIAL BARGAINS

FROM

B. F. DEWEES,

1124 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia

NOT BY FAVOR

BUT BY MERIT ALONE

Will we maintain the reputation that we have made *during the past three years* OF GIVING THE PEOPLE FULL VALUE RECEIVED.

NO ABATEMENT.

Still the rush keeps up from Morning until Evening. Our Sales are increasing from week to week, which has given us the front rank in trade.

A. C. YATES & CO.

The Great Clothing House in Ledger Building.

WE DO THE LARGEST RETAIL CLOTHING BUSINESS OF ANY HOUSE IN AMERICA.

Our Goods are more stylish, better made, and withal cheaper than any other Clothing House in the City. The people have found it out, and fully appreciate the fact. We sell our goods 20 per cent. lower than any other House possibly can. We sell our Goods for cash direct from manufacturers and importers. Our Stock comprises the largest assortment of Fall and Winter Clothing ever offered in Philadelphia, New and Fresh Goods manufactured by ourselves.

We have Five Floors filled with New and Fashionable Clothing. We have about sixty gentlemanly salesmen, who will take pleasure in showing you through.

Bear in mind, for the next SIXTY DAYS WE SHALL GIVE SUCH BARGAINS in Clothing as never were offered before, which have made us the

Leading and Popular Clothing House of Philadelphia.

A. C. YATES & CO., Chestnut Street, cor. Sixth Street, PHILADELPHIA.

CHILDREN'S AND BOY'S DEPARTMENT, 626 Chestnut St., Seven Doors above.

Trips Resumed to Trenton.

THE STEAMER

EDWIN FORREST

Will leave Arch street wharf, Philadelphia touching at Tacony, Torresdale, Beverly, Burlington, Bristol, Florence, Penn's Manor, White Hill and Trenton.

Leave Arch st. wharf.	Leave South Trenton.
Thursd'y, 14, 1½ P.M.	Thursday, 14, Gon't Go.
Friday, 15, 2½ P.M.	Friday, 15, 7¼ A.M.
Saturday, 16, 2½ A.M.	Saturday, 16, 7¼ A.M.
Monday, 18, Gon't Go.	Monday, 18, 8½ A.M.
Tuesday, 19, 7½ A.M.	Tuesday, 19, 11½ A.M.
Wedn'day, 20, 8 A.M.	Wedn'day, 20, 12 M.
Thursday, 21, 9 A.M.	Thur'day, 21, 1 P. M.

Leaves Bristol about one hour and a half after leaving Philadelphia or Trenton.

Fare, Philad'a to Trenton, 40cts. Excursion 60 cts.

All other places, 25 cts. Excursion, 40 cts. 179

Trips Resumed.

THE STEAMBOAT

COLUMBIA,

ON and after Thursday, April 4th, the Steamboat Columbia, will leave Bristol for Philadelphia, at 7.30 A. M., touching at Burlington, Beverly, Riverton, Torresdale and Andalusia. Returning, leaves Philadelphia at 3 P. M. Fare, 25c. each way. Excursion, 40c. 166

THE STEAMBOAT

TWILIGHT

LEAVES CHESTNUT STREET WHARF, Philadelphia, at 7 A. M. and 3 P. M., for Burlington, Bristol and Florence, stopping at Tacony, Riverton, House of Correction, Torresdale, Delanco, Andalusia, and Beverly. Returning, leaves Florence at 10 o'clock A. M. and Bristol at 10:30 A. M., and 5 o'clock P. M., stopping at all the above Landings each way. 166

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Bucks County Gazette.

Thursday, November 14, 1878.

—Persons desiring the popular magazines and periodicals will be able to obtain them at low rates by taking advantage of the clubbing list of the GAZETTE. The list is not yet fully made up, but we can announce as follows:

Harpers' Magazine and Gazette	$4.25
Harper's Bazar and Gazette	4.25
Harpers' Weekly and Gazette	4.25
Scribner's Monthly and Gazette	4.25
St. Nicholas and Gazette	5.40
New York Tribune and Gazette	2.50
Scientific American and Gazette	3.60

In all cases cash in advance must accompany the order.

SORTS.

—Bristol borough and township secured four of the offices on the county ticket.

—Next Sunday the quarterly meeting of the Methodist church occurs, and this evening their "love feast."

—We have information that Richard E. Shaw, proposes going west and has sold out his furniture establishment on Mill street, to Benjamin O. Ettenger.

—The new gas holder at the gas works is completed, and work upon the other improvements there are progressing as rapidly as circumstances will admit.

—The report of J. Herbert Shedd to Council, in regard to the drainage of the town, contains important suggestions, and our readers would do well to give it a perusal.

—At the meeting of the School Board last week, the resignation of Mrs. Mitchell recently appointed teacher, was received and accepted, and Miss Brady residing at Penn Valley, was chosen to fill the vacancy.

—A minstrel troupe, calling themselves the "Black Diamonds" will give a performance next Saturday evening at Birch's Opera House Burlington, for the benefit of the colony to which allusion is elsewhere made.

—There have been some changes made in the Post Office arrangements, and the mails now arrive as follows: From New York at 7.00 and 11.00 A. M. and 7.30 P. M; from Philadelphia at 7.00, 8.30, and 10.00 A. M. and 3.00, 5.00, and 8.00 P. M.

—The colony which has been forming in our borough, will not go west until some time next spring. But next Tuesday, Pierson H. Lott, George Lilly, John S. Kelly, and George Snear, propose going to Kansas as pioneers, to look for a suitable location for the proposed colony.

—Dr. J. Gibbon Hunt, of Philadelphia, has consented to give a microscopic exhibition for the benefit of the Bristol Library, Friday evening of next week, at Cabeen's Hall. Dr. Hunt is a specialist in microscopism, and as his exposition will be accompanied with stereoptican illustrations, it will be an opportunity well worth taking advantage of, as an exhibition of this kind is rarely seen outside of the cities, or some of the colleges.

—List of letters remaining in the Bristol Post Office, Wednesday, November 13th:—George Cornish, Mary Cole, Katy Cutter, Mrs. J. R. Pierson, (Swain street,) Mary Coyne, J. B. Dike, Lizzie Gifford, Minnie Gleason, Lizzie Gobeen, John Hellings, Alfred Harvey, Mrs. Lillie Hagerman, Mrs. Adam Johnson, David Knight, Charles Moore, Mrs. Kate Murray, Mrs. Annie Rarlton, Wm. Seymour, Mary Sipe, Truman Thomas, Thomas Thompson, Sarah Jane White, D. W. C. Williams.

—Last Friday the constable was out of town, and Saturday morning when he visited the town house, which had been left open during his absence so as to allow those who frequent it easy entrance and exit, he found a tramp who had been there since the Thursday night previous, not having had in the meantime anything to eat or drink, as he had been taken sick, and not being able to get out, had been compelled to stay there until he was discovered on Saturday, when his condition was at once made more comfortable, and his case given the attendance it deserved.

The Bristol Institute.

The Institute was crowded again on Tuesday evening, and as announced last week, the programme was an attractive one. The exercises were opened with a piano solo, "Tam O'Shanter," by Mrs. Edwin Wilson; Harold Peirce followed with an "address," describing the period of Jewish history, connected with the life and death of Judas Maccabees; a vocal duet, by Miss Maggie A. Bache and Miss Kate Hay, preceded a dialogue, entitled "The Ladies Speak at Last," a Shakspearean burlesque, which relates how Lady Macbeth, Juliet, Ophelia and Portia met at a water-cure establishment, to which they have repaired with their respective husbands, Macbeth, Romeo, Hamlet and Bassanio for treatment of their various infirmities; and are there told by Lady Macbeth of the atrocious slanders which a certain Will Shakspeare has perpetrated upon them. Miss Emma Janney took the part of Lady Macbeth; Miss Anna W. Pray, Juliet; Miss Mary I. Collins, Ophelia, and Miss Kate Bostwick, Portia. This was received with applause, which was kept up until the ladies came upon the platform again and bowed their acknowledgements. Mrs. Howes, who was down upon the programme for a contribution, provided a substitute, Professor Edward Busch, of Philadelphia, who gave a violin solo, accompanied upon the piano by Professor Adolph Roeder, also from the city; their playing received emphatic marks of approval, and the audience seemed determined to have them continue until the announcement was made by a member of the executive committee that they would play again before the exercises were concluded. The recess then occurred, and the treasurer profited by it to count over the good hard money he had received during the evening, and when the exercises were resumed, Mr. C. E. Scheide sang J. E. Gilbert's "Not a Sparrow Falleth," which was encored; he responded by singing a sea song, "There's Nothing Like a Fresh'ning Breeze." An anonymous contribution upon "Survivals," was read by A. Weir Gilkeson, and then Professors Busch and Roeder gave a selection upon the violin and piano, which being encored, the gentlemen kindly responded by favoring the Institute with another piece, which was also applauded, and then the president gave notice of the microscopic exhibition by Dr. Gibbons Hunt, of Philadelphia, which is to take place on Friday evening of next week at Cabeen's Hall, for the benefit of the Bristol Library. The Institute then adjourned.

Council Proceedings.

The regular monthly meeting of Council was held last Monday evening. The minutes were read and approved.

The report of J. Herbert Shedd, Sanitary Engineer, was presented to Council and read. It is as follows:

PROVIDENCE, Nov. 7th, 1878.

Charles E. Scheide, Esq., Chairman of Committee on Finance, Bristol, Pa., Dear Sir: I have, at your request, made an examination of the present sanitary condition of Bristol, and have considered what is needed to maintain or improve those conditions which are favorable to the health of people living in close communities.

The most evident requirement, to a superficial view, for securing an improved sanitary state, is some adequate provision for the prompt and complete removal of wastes from the manufacturing establishments. At present a large amount of animal matter is deposited from the daily drainage of these works, and left to putrefy on the surface, making the air in the neighborhood unhealthy as well as unpleasant. This will grow worse as long as it continues, and may soon become dangerous. Provision should be immediately made for the daily removal of these wastes in a manner to prevent the pollution of either the soil or the air.

But the necessity for house drainage is equally imperative though less obvious. The earth is, to a certain extent, a purifying agent, and a limited amount of foul matter may be turned into it, from sinks and privy vaults, without a notable effect on the health of those who live in the neighborhood, but there is a limit to the capacity of the earth for receiving this filth, without injury, and when that limit has been reached, the waste water from the sinks and the soakage from the privy vaults, pass on to the nearest well, with only the coarser filth strained out, and with their most dangerous impurities still held in solution or suspension to poison the water which is drawn for domestic use. Much of the earth about the houses in the older parts of the town is now probably charged with filth to the limit of safety, and some has undoubtedly passed it. If the wells were to be abandoned for domestic supply, the ground might be used for a longer time as a receptacle for filth, but, in time, the exhalations into cellars and into the outer air would be dangerous, and provision for daily removal would become necessary. If the wells are to be retained for a domestic supply of water, a system of sewerage for the constant removal of liquid refuse should be provided as soon as practicable.

Provision must soon be made for the removal of storm waters from the surface of the streets and grounds through drains to a natural water course. As the lots are more improved and built upon the flow of storm waters across them will be prevented, and turned into the streets, where it will do much damage if allowed to gather in great volumes on the surface.

These three principal objects of drainage, for Bristol, may be well accomplished by a single system of sewers, and simplicity, efficiency and economy will be best subserved by one system to accomplish the removal of all refuse which can be carried in water.

For certain of the refuse, which must be removed, no other than the water-carriage system is practicable, and as sewers need to be built for this purpose, it is better in all respects, in this case, to combine the objects.

The disposal of the refuse is a matter of great importance. The ultimate discharge of the water will be into the Delaware river, whatever the plan of treatment, unless it is pumped back a great distance, and used in irrigating land. As the water supply of the town is from this river, care must be taken that the sewage is not mingled with the water supply. Fortunately the volume of water flowing in the river is so large and the width of the river so great, as to make it possible to place the intake of the water-works out of danger from the drainage outlet. There are three principal ways of making town sewage harmless. 1st, by chemical treatment; 2d, by passing it through land covered with vegetable growth; 3d, by dilution in a large volume of water. Under favorable circumstances, like those at Bristol, the latter mode is much less expensive than the others. For the first two plans it is essential, and for the other desirable, that the sewage for a large district be gathered to a common outfall, and, up to this point, the system is ordinarily the same, and, of course, would be equally expensive for each plan. In case the sewage can be discharged into a large volume of running water, for dilution, the cost ceases here, but for chemical treatment the necessary buildings, tanks, and other plant must be added, and a constant expense for chemicals incurred. No town has yet been able to get a return for manure equal to the running cost of the treatment. In Bristol irrigation by gravitation cannot be practised, and irrigation would therefore require the constant pumping of the sewage to a farm where it could be applied without fatal objection in the neighborhood. Under the circumstances the return from the farm cannot be expected to approach the cost of the operation. If either chemical treatment or irrigation were made an essential condition of the sewerage of Bristol, the greatly increased cost might, perhaps, postpone the execution of the work for a long time, and the health of the community would in that case suffer, I think, much more than if the sewage is discharged into the river, especially so, if the intake of the water-works is placed in a proper location.

The present location of the intake is not as favorable to purity as is to be desired. I stood on the bank a short time after an off-shore blow of wind, and noticed that much floating matter passed down by the intake, near the shore, while the middle of the stream seemed quite free from such matter. A little above the works a small sewer was discharging its contents into the river, which seemed likely to pass the water-supply intake before it could be much diffused in the flow of the stream, and among other things a dead and bloated dog floated slowly along near by.

It was impossible to avoid the conviction that the water for domestic use would be improved if the intake were removed to the other side of the channel, and water were drawn from near the shore of the island, where the chances of pollution would be much reduced.

Taken from this location, I do not see that the least objection could be made to the water for household use, and even after the town drainage had been gathered and discharged near the canal basin, the water supply would be, I think, unobjectionable. In that case the large volume of water in the channel of the river would be flowing like a wall between the two points under consideration. At all events the water from that point would be far superior to, and safer than the water from wells near the houses.

Should it finally appear necessary, chemical treatment could be applied near the drainage outlet without extra cost.

A careful review of this question of sewage disposal, for Bristol, leads me to the conclusion that there is no less objectionable plan, than that of discharge into the river, near the canal basin, available within a reasonable cost.

The town is favorably situated for a simple and economical system of drainage. Nearly all the area east of the canal can be conveniently gathered to a common point at the lower end of the town, and that portion of the area, which will soon need drainage, west of the canal, may be drained to the same point, or to a point in the near neighborhood.

It is impracticable to define in detail a scheme best suited to your needs, or to give sizes or grades of sewers, without more complete information than is now available. It is especially necessary to have a complete set of levels, so that the contour of the ground may be well determined, and the areas to be served by each sewer ascertained.

I can, however, say that the proper course for a main sewer, which will serve for the final outlet and relieve your present needs, lies as follows:

From Jefferson Avenue, through Canal street, Washington street, Canal street, and in continuation to Beaver dam road, Beaver dam road, Pond street, and Mill street, thence through the wharf property, and between the canal basin and Delaware river, to the point of discharge near the outlet of the Delaware division of the Lehigh canal.

At the point of discharge the mouth of the sewer should be wholly below low water, which can be accomplished by running the sewer down on a steep grade for a few feet of its length at the outlet. The whole sewer will thus be trapped, and will discharge into the river in the least objectionable way.

Perhaps the area on the west side of the canal, which will earliest demand drainage, is that near the stocking mill. This area can probably be economically served through Buckley street and the Beaver dam road, joining the main sewer on the east side, near the intersection of the continuation of Canal street with the Beaver dam road.

The remainder of the settled area of the west side may be drained through Bath street and Otter street, and joined with the main sewer of the east side at the junction of Pond street and Mill street, or, possibly, carried along the southwesterly side of the canal basin to a point of discharge near the main of the easterly side. In any case it is quite feasible to design a good plan of drainage for the west side, as well as for the east side, but the settlement of detail must await the information as to levels, etc.

The main sewers, above suggested, will receive by lateral sewers the drainage of the greater portion of the east side before reaching Mill street, and about all the remainder by a lateral through Radcliffe street, or perhaps partly through Cedar street.

From my examination, and the information I obtained through your citizens, I conclude that health and economy require the early construction of a good sewerage system, and that this can be done at a comparatively moderate expenditure.

Yours, respectfully,

J. HERBERT SHEDD.

On motion of Mr. Scheide, the report was ordered to be entered upon the minutes and the committee discharged.

The Fire Committe reported progress in the building of the third story to Engine House No. 1, and that water had been introduced into the America Hook & Ladder Co's house.

An ordinance to prevent digging in the public streets and alleys without first obtaining a permit and filing bond was presented, read and passed.

The Constable reported that the town-hall had been renovated, scrubbed, whitewashed and painted.

On motion, Engineer VanHarlingen was employed to place the levels at the intersections of the streets of the borough, at a cost not to exceed fifty dollars.

A heater for Engine House No. 1, was ordered to be purchased by the fire committee.

The Burgess reported that special police had been appointed and assigned to duties as follows: Irwin Hetherington, duty north and west of Dorrance street to Borough limits. A. K. Joyce, at and in vicinity of Water Works. George Y. Winder, at and in vicinity of Rogers Mill. Joseph White, at and in vicinity of Buckley street mills.

The Wharf Committee were instructed to make necessary repairs to the Mulberry street wharf.

—Under the management of the Ladies' Aid Society of the Baptist Church, a Tea Drink and Supper will be given in their church next Thursday evening. There will be provided oysters, chicken salad, tea and coffee, ice cream, etc.; and the affair is to be conducted on the plan of each one having the privilege of choosing what they wish from the bill of fare.

—At the last meeting of the Bristol Building Association, one loan was sold to John McOwen at $37.50; one to William Dougherty at $33, and one to Clara Conner at $31 premium; and at the meeting of the Union Building Company, on Monday evening, one loan was sold to Sarah Hibbs at $32, and five to Jacob McBrien at 25.50 premium.

—A delegation of H. Clay Beatty Post, No. 73, G. A. R., took part in the review and parade of the organization on Tuesday, in Philadelphia. They had a fine day for the anniversary, and returned home much pleased with the attention they had received from Post No. 8, of Philadelphia, whose guests they were.

—The GAZETTE is happy to say that a few copies of "Apple Blossoms," which we notice in another column, will be received at its office immediately upon publication. Those desiring to possess the volume will please apply.

☞ He is a fool. We mean the man, who lets his baby cry all night in the arms of its mother, and does not sleep a wink, when Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup will quiet the baby by relieving its pain; a bottle costing only 25 cents.

—Shakspeare, "revised and improved," was an interesting feature at the Institute.

☞ A LADY'S WISH.—"Oh, how I do wish my skin was as clear and soft as yours," said a lady to her friend. "You can easily make it so," answered the friend. "How?" inquired the first lady. "By using Hop Bitters, that makes pure rich blood and blooming health. It did it for me, as you observe."

☞ Dobbins' starch polish, which gives that brilliant polish peculiar to fine laundry work is for sale in Bristol, at J. Wesley Wright's store. It costs but little to try it.

☞ Latour's Salad oil in Pts. and ½ Pts. at Parker's Drug Store.

☞ Vim, for dyspepsia, at Parker's.

☞ The largest and best assortment of Wall papers, New York and Philadelphia styles, in Bristol, also a choice selection of window shades. Window shades made and hung from 75 cents to $1.50. W. GRACE, Cedar Street, between Walnut and Franklin Streets, Bristol, Pa.

☞ Imperial Granum at Parker's.

☞ Imperial Wire-looped medicated paper 1000 sheets for 20 Cts. at Parker's.

☞ MUSICAL.—W. T. Sooy, formerly of Chamberlain Institute, Randolph, N. Y., will give lessons in music to persons desiring in Bristol and vicinity. Terms for Piano, Organ or private lessons in Voice Culture: Each $12 for 20 lessons. Call on or address, 55 Otter street, Bristol. Reference: Prof. Edmund Wolsieffer, Philadelphia.

☞ Some people have such a reverence for the truth that they always keep at a respectable distance from it; this is not the case with Neidt & Co's., Oleine Soap, when it is once used you will like it and use no other. Ask your grocer for it.

☞ PAINTING.—James Lyndall at the foot of Mill Street, is prepared to supply ready mixed paints, glass, putty, &c. Painting done to order in the best manner.

☞ If your spectacles don't suit you, try a pair of the Celebrated Perfected Spectacles. They succeed where others fail. For sale only by A. E. Baylies, Jeweler, Mill St., between Wood and Pond, Bristol, Pa.

☞ Mr. W. H. Shuster, of 58 N. Eight St., Philadelphia, has in connection with his well-known Confectionery Store established a thoroughly first-class Dining-Room. He assures us that it will be his aim to supply his patrons with everything of the best the market affords, and at prices that will meet the views of all. Particular attention is given to the serving up of Oysters in good style. Don't forget the number, 58 N. Eighth St., below Arch, Phila.

DIED.

SPICER.—On Tuesday evening, the 12th inst. at the residence of her sister, Mrs. Jane B. Willis, of Bristol, Pa., ELIZA B. SPICER, in the 86th year of her age. Funeral on Friday at 2:30 P. M.

DUNNING.—Died on the morning, 27th of October, 1878, of paralysis, at the residence of John S. Paul, Bristol, Maurice O. B. Dunning, in 57th year of his age.

$10 to $1000 Invested in Wall St., Stocks makes fortunes every month. Book sent free explaining everything. Address BAXTER & CO., Bankers, 1 Wall St., N. Y

New Advertisements.

ORDERS taken for Early Spring Cabbage and Cauliflower Plants. Seed sown in the Fall and plants grown under glass will consequently be perfectly hardy and ready to set out as early as the ground is ready in the Spring.—Engage your early plants in advance.
J. W. CORNELL & CO'S.,
Seed and Implement Warehouse,
25 North Warren Street, Trenton, N. J.
☞ Draining Tile.

For Sale.

HOUSES of every size and description. Term of payment very liberal.
JOSHUA PEIRCE.

$1500. For Sale.

A VERY desirable first-mortgage of fifteen hundred dollars, with interest payable semi-annually. JOSHUA PEIRCE.

For Rent.

SEVERAL small stone houses on Lafayette Street, and one ten-room house on Dorrance Street. JOSHUA PEIRCE.

Seven Per Cent. Investment at Par.

FOR SALE. STOCK IN THE BRISTOL IMPROVEMENT COMPANY. Pays quarterly dividends at the rate of Seven per cent. per annum, with almost absolute security. The investment is entirely in real estate of the most substantial character, and at the present low cost of building, the value of which every stockholder is capable to judge.
It is not possible to find any other investment yielding so large a return at so little risk.
JOSHUA PEIRCE.

Auditor's Notice.

THE undersigned, Auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court, for the County of Bucks, to Distribute the Balance in the hands of Ellwood Burton and John Burton, Administrators with the Will annexed of Thomas Stockham, late of the Township of Bristol, in said County, deceased, to and amongst the Persons entitled thereto, and if necessary, re-state the accounts of the said Administrators, hereby gives notice that he will meet the Parties interested at his Office, in the Borough of Bristol, in said County, on Friday, the twenty-ninth day of November, 1878, at ten o'clock A. M., to attend to the duties of his appointment, where and when they can attend, if they see proper.
ANTHONY SWAIN, Auditor.

TEA DRINK AND SUPPER
IN THE
Bristol Baptist Church,
—ON—
Thursday, Nov. 21st, 1878,
From 5 to 10 P. M.
Under the management of the
LADIES' AID SOCIETY.
THE PROCEEDS for the benefit of the church. The charges will be very reasonable. Please give us a call.

Administrator's Sale
—OF—
REAL ESTATE.

Pursuant to an order of the Orphans' Court of the County of Bucks, will be sold at Public Sale, upon the premises, in the Township of BENSALEM, County of Bucks and State of Pennsylvania, on SIXTH-DAY (FRIDAY), DECEMBER 6th, 1878, at 2 o'clock P. M., the following described Real Estate, belonging to Amos Adams, deceased, to wit.

No. 1. A Messuage and Tract of Land situate in the Township of Bensalem aforesaid, upon the public road leading from the Red Lion Hotel to Hulmeville, adjoining lands of Isaac Goodwin, William Page, John Gardner and others, containing Five and a-half Acres of Land, more or less.

No. 2. A lot of Land situate in the Township of Bensalem aforesaid, upon the public road leading from the Red Lion Hotel to Hulmeville, adjoining lands of Frank Krall, John Gardner, Isaac Goodwin and others, containing thirteen and a-half Acres of Land, more or less.

The Improvements upon Lot No. 1 consist of a two story Frame Dwelling-House, with Kitchen attached; Frame Barn, Hog-pen, and all other necessary out-buildings; a good Garden and well of good water with pump therein, and the land in a good state of cultivation.

There are no improvements on Tract No. 2 except a Frame Barn.

Conditions made known upon the day of sale,
by GEORGE W. ADAMS,
Administrator de bonis non of
AMOS ADAMS, dec'd.
JESSE G. WEBSTER, Auctioneer.

USE
Dr. Van Dyke's Sulphur Soap.
The LEADING EXTERNAL SPECIFIC for DISEASES of the SKIN and beautifier of the COMPLEXION; for the Bath, Toilet and Nursery; is *recommended* by PHYSICIANS. SOLD by DRUGGISTS. PRICE 25 Cents box; 3 Cakes, 60 cents.
E. S. WEBSTER, Prop., 50 N. Fifth St.,
254 Philadelphia.

Philadelphia.

ONLY TWICE IN 20 YEARS,

UNDER THE EMERGENCIES OF EXECUTORS' SALE AND LARGE OVERSTOCK, HAVE WE MADE SUCH AN OFFER AS THIS.

WANAMAKER & BROWN.

—We Bring Forward—

$650,000

—Very Best—

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING,

AND ORGANIZE A NOVEMBER SALE TO REALIZE THE CASH,

Suffering Losses to Ourselves!

Notwithstanding the towns are flooded with Wholesale Clothing made to sell without question as to durability, we have never swerved from our purposes to supply

ONLY THOROUGHLY RELIABLE GOODS.

Believing the people will find out some day what kind of goods is cheapest to buy. For the past year we have employed our usual large force of Cutters, and the result is this

HUGE STOCK OF OUR OWN MANUFACTURE.

WE NOW THROW IT ALL ON THE MARKET

At prices that bear no comparison to the true value, or to anybody else's prices.

WE SHALL SELL THIS STOCK

AND WE

RELY ON THE PRICES TO DO IT.

2518 Pants, the usual kind made to order at $5	$3 28
1608 Cassimere Vests, usual price $2 75	1 60
1983 Business Suits at	1 60

75 Cents on the Dollar.

616 Men's Black Cloth Suits at one-half the real value.

146 Boys' Suits at	$3 75
208 Boys' Overcoats at	4 00
226 Youths' Fur Beaver Overcoats from	$3 50 to $15 00
110 $20 Black, Blue and Brown Beaver Overcoats at	12 00
113 fine Diagonal Cloth Overcoats, worth $19, price	12 00
202 Finest imported Black Erskine Beaver Overcoats, silk velvet collars, nicely bound and quilted throughout, formerly sold at $30 00. Price reduced to	$20 00
152 Same thing in Blue	20 00
119 Same thing in Olive and Brown at	20 00
181 Fine Imported Tricot Long Silk Mixed Schnabels, best goods. Never sold less than $30. Price reduced to	20 00
72 Fine Diagonal Worsted, one of the best makes imported. Price formerly, and up to present time, $27 50. Now they go for	20 00
857 Black, Blue and Brown Worumboo Beaver Overcoats, extra sizes, greatest bargain of all	12 00

THIS IS A CLEARING SALE

AND THE PRICES ARE MADE TO TURN THE GOODS INTO MONEY VERY QUICKLY.

Come and see more goods than anywhere else.
Come and see better goods than anywhere else.
Come and see more salesmen than anywhere else.
Come and bring your friend for the very greatest bargain of this year.

WANAMAKER & BROWN,

OAK HALL, 6th AND MARKET,

The Largest Clothing House in America.

USE

PURSELL'S

Fever and Ague

MIXTURE.

HALF THE PRICE OF QUININE, AND

FULLY AS EFFECTIVE.

MORE SOLD THAN ANY OTHER REMEDY OF THE KIND IN

BRISTOL.

NEVER FAILS TO CURE.

Put up in $1.00 Bottles

Farmers' National Bank of Bucks County.

BRISTOL, PA., 11 mo, 5, 1878.

THE Directors have this day declared a Dividend of Six per cent., payable on demand, clear of taxes. CHAS. T. IRRDELL, Cashier.

WOOD LAND At Public Sale.

By Virtue of a Deed of Assignment, of B. J. Smith and wife, for the benefit of creditors, the undersigned will sell at Public Sale, on

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 13TH, 1878.

On the premises in NEWTOWN TOWNSHIP on the road leading from Newtown Borough to Janney's mill, about one mile from the former place, all that valuable
—WOOD LAND TRACT.—

Containing about 22½ acres, consisting of Oak, Chestnut and other valuable timber. It will be divided into six lots, of from three to five acres each, and will be sold in lots, (timber and land,) or altogether in one lot, as will command the best prices. Title good, and will be sold clear of liens. This lot of timber is worth the attention of lumbermen and farmers. Sale to commence at 2 o'clock, p. m. Conditions at Sale.
E. G. HARRISON,
W. T. VANHORN,
Assignees of B. J. Smith.
CYRUS HILLBORN, Auct.

Estate Notice.

ESTATE of William Rankin, late of the Borough of Bristol, in the county of Bucks, deceased. All person indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having legal demands against the same are desired to present them in proper order for settlement without delay to
MARGARET E. RANKIN,
ANTHONY SWAIN,
Executors,
Bristol Borough.

100. For Sale. 100.

I HAVE ONE HUNDRED BUSHELS of PRIME NEW TIMOTHY SEED for sale, which is hard to beat in quality. All kinds of grain taken in exchange for Seed, at the Newportville Mills, Bucks County, Pa.
ISAAC C. FETTER.

Miscellaneous.

NOTICE.

I HEREBY inform all persons that I have no business connection whatever with WILLIAM H. BUTLER, and will not pay any bills contracted by him from this date.
CHARLES WOOLMAN.
No. 89 Mill Street, Bristol, Pa.
October 26th, 1878.

WANTED.

TO RENT, on Reasonable Terms, a small, convenient HOUSE, some where from Bristol to Morrisville, near the Railroad. Possession desired about the first of December.
Address, with terms,
RENTER,
Tullytown, Bucks Co., Pa.

THE SUN FOR 1878

THE SUN will be printed every day during the year to come. Its purpose and method will be the same as in the past: To present all the news in a readable shape, and to tell the truth though the heavens fall.

THE SUN has been, is, and will continue to be independent of everybody and everything save the Truth and its own conviction of duty. That is the only policy which an honest newspaper need have. That is the policy which has won for this newspaper the confidence and friendship of a wider constituency than was ever enjoyed by any other American Journal.

THE SUN is the newspaper for the people. It is not for the rich man against the poor man, or for the poor man against the rich man, but it seeks to do equal justice to all interests in the community. It is not the organ of any person, class, sect or party. There need be no mystery about its loves and hates. It is for the honest man against the rogues every time. It is for the honest Democrat as against the dishonest Republican, and for the honest Republican as against the dishonest Democrat. It does not take its cue from the utterances of any politician or political organization. It gives its support unreservedly when men or measures are in agreement with the Constitution and with the principles upon which this Republic was founded for the people. Whenever the Constitution and constitutional principles are violated—as in the outrageous conspiracy of 1876, by which a man not elected was placed in the President's office, where he still remains—it speaks out for the right. That is THE SUN'S idea of of independence. In this respect there will be no change in its programme for 1879.

THE SUN has fairly earned the hearty hatred of rascals, frauds, and humbugs of all sorts and sizes. It hopes to deserve that hatred not less in the year 1879, than in 1878, 1877, or any year gone by. THE SUN will continue to shine on the wicked with unmitigated brightness.

While the lessons of the past should be constantly kept before the people, THE SUN does not propose to make itself in 1879 a magazine of ancient history. It is printed for the men and women of to-day, whose concern is chiefly with the affairs of to-day. It has both the disposition and the ability to afford its readers the prompt-est, fullest, and most accurate intelligence of whatever in this wide world is worth attention. To this end the resources belonged to well-established prosperity will be liberally employed.

The present ill-jointed condition of parties in this country, and the uncertainty of the future, lend an extraordinary significance to the events of the coming year. The discussions of the press, the debates and acts of Congress, and the movements of the leaders in every section of the Republic will have a direct bearing on the Presidential election of 1880—an event which must be regarded with the most anxious interest by every patriotic American, whatever his political ideas or allegiance. To these elements of interest may be added the probability that the Democrats will control both houses of Congress, the increasing feebleness of the fraudulent Administration, and the spread and strengthening everywhere of a healthy abhorrence of fraud in any form. To present with accuracy and clearness the exact situation in each of its varying phases, and to expound, according to its well-known methods, the principles that should guide us through the labyrinth, will be an important part of THE SUN'S work for 1879.

We have the means of making THE SUN, as a political, a literary and a general newspaper, more entertaining and more useful than ever before; and we mean to apply them freely.

Our rates of subscription remain unchanged. For the DAILY SUN, a four page sheet of twenty-eight columns, the price by mail, prepaid, is 55 cents a month, or $6.50 a year; or, including the Sunday paper, an eight-page sheet of fifty-six columns, the price is 65 cents a month, or $7.70 a year, postage paid.

The Sunday edition of THE SUN is also furnished separately at $1.20 a year, postage paid.

The price of the WEEKLY SUN, eight pages, fifty-six columns, is $1 a year, postage paid. For clubs of ten sending $10 we will send an extra copy free. Address I. W. ENGLAND,
Publisher of THE SUN, New York City.

Chickering Pianos.

THE BEST IN THE WORLD.

Over One Hundred First Prize Medals received over all competitors during the past 55 years.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.

MESSRS. DUTTON & SON select with great care the BEST of these World Renowned Pianos, and always have on hand a very fine stock of allpatterns, including Grands, Uprights and Squares.

Also, the celebrated
DUTTON & SON PIANOS,
ARE OF THE BEST PIANOS MANUFACTURED, THOROUGHLY RELIABLE INSTRUMENTS, AT LOW PRICES.

Call and examine, or send for circulars.
DUTTON & SON,
1301 Chestnut Street,
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SPECIAL OFFER.

The New York
WEEKLY WORLD,
An Eight Page Newspaper,
WILL BE SENT (POSTAGE PREPAID)
FROM NOW UNTIL JANUARY 1, 1879,
FOR
TEN CENTS.

This Special Offer is made to enable the People to see for themselves how good a paper THE WORLD is and how worthy it is of their support.

WE WILL PAY THE POSTAGE AND SEND
THE NEW YORK
WEEKLY WORLD
ONE YEAR FOR
ONE DOLLAR
Or Fifty Cents for Six Months,
Which is LESS THAN TWO CENTS A WEEK by the Year,
FOR A LARGE EIGHT PAGE PAPER
Address "THE WORLD,"
35 PARK ROW, N. Y.

Semi-Weekly Edition....$2.00 per Year.
Daily Edition.....10.00 "
Daily, without Sunday Edition.....8.00 "

CUT THIS OUT AND HAND IT TO YOUR NEIGHBOR. 305

Notice.

AS I have been compelled to vacate the premises No. 28 Mill-Street, which I have occupied as a BAKERY, I have secured the premises on MILL STREET, opposite A. L. Packer's Flour and Feed Store, where I intend carrying on the Baking business. Thanking the public kindly for their past patronage, I hope by proper attention to business to receive a continuance of the same. Yours respectfully, A. K. HOFF.

N. B.—All orders received at the store, or by the carriers, or through the mail, will be promptly attended to. 190

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

LITERARY MUSICAL BLUNDERS.

Arthur Helps writes of a nervous man "And when for the sixth time he heard C flat instead of C sharp played in an adjacent house, he is very apt to be distracted from his work, and very much inclined to utter unbecoming language" (*Social Pressure*, chap. iii) If Mr. Helps had been content with referring in a general way to the annoyance felt by a nervous person at unskillful preformance or practice of music he would have done well, but in attempting to talk music he merely showed that he knew nothing about it, in a way that raises a smile upon the lips of those who do It is true, of course, that there is such a note as C flat, but it may be said to be the one which, under that designation is least often heard It is also not the note that would be misplayed for C sharp, the mistake for which, as every musical tyro knows, is C natural But Mr. Helps had heard talk of flat and sharp, and probably, too, of natural, which, however, had not character enough to attract his attention or to serve his purpose, he had also been annoyed by musical practice, and of this musically nervous condition of mind we here have the result Bulwer has in *The Caxtons* this comparison, upon which, if he did not provide himself he had the misfortune of seeming to do so "As when, some notable performer not having arrived behind the scenes, or having to change his dress, or not having yet quite recovered [from] an unlucky extra tumbler of exciting fluids—and the green curtain has, therefore, unduly delayed its ascent—you perceive that the thorough bass in the orchestra charitably devotes himself to a prelude of astonishing profusity, calling on 'Lodoiska' or 'Der Freischutz' to beguile the time," &c (Part xi, chap v) Already my musical readers have laughed at the "through bass in the orchestra devoting himself to a prelude." Readers non musical may need to be told that thorough base is not a big fiddler but a way of writing harmony, the name of which is sometimes used for the art itself of writing harmony But Bulwer, having heard musical people speak of thorough bass thought that the thoroughbass as was must be the *contra basso* in the orchestra." More subtle, but to a truly musical person perhaps even more convincing evidence of ignorance, and ignorance of a more radical and essential nature, in his saying of a young girl, 'She has an ear for music, which my mother, who is no bad judge, declares to be exquisite' The application here of "bad judge" and "exquisite" to an ear for music shows that Bulwer, when he heard people talking about music, did not even know what they meant So Lord Beaconsfield, K G, which being interpreted is Benjamain Disraeli, recently talked about 'the diapason of England's diplomacy," which showed that he did not now the difference between the diapason and the key-note The diapason of a diplomacy is nonsense And in one of the many vulgar scenes in that vulgar book, *Lothair*, (in his picture of society Mr Disraeli is very apt to be vulgar,) the same distinguished person shows us a family party at a ducal house, where two of the young ladies present "from time to time burst into song" I quote from memory, not having seen the book since the time of its publication, but the absurdity music wise of the expression impressed me so strongly that I am sure I must be essentially right People who can sing do not burst into song in a promiscuous and headlong way. On the other hand, when Sterne makes Uncle Toby sympathize with Mr Shandy about a horse and repeat his brother's words, he illustrates the sympathy by this comparison "Poor creature," said my Uncle Toby, vibrating the note back again like a string in unison!' This is the real thing, it is written from knowledge—knowledge which has become so much a part of the writer's mental furniture that he can use it familiarly and with a steady hand True, the illusion is strictly rather acoustical than musical, but it has the air of coming from an observant violin player, and I believe that Sterne did play the violin If he did, I do not doubt that he showed in his playing no less sentiment than in his writing, sentiment doubtless somewhat false and morbid, but still sentiment, just like many another foul and shallow souled creature that had played and written before him, or has played and written since, or will play and write—*secula seculorum* But violinist or not, and showing here some acquaintance with music, Sterne elsewhere shows that he could not soar to the heights or fathom the depths of music, as we shall see.—*Richard Grant White in Atlantic Monthly*

Miscellaneous.

W. H. RHODES,
PHOTOGRAPHER,
No. 1800 Frankford Ave,
Corner Montgomery Avenue,
And 1316 Girard Ave., below Broad St.,
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I HAVE lately introduced a number of new and artistic styles of Pictures, to which I call your attention
LARGE PHOTOGRAPHS
in Oil Crayon, India Ink and Water Colors.
Established and in successful operation since 1860. 622

The Universe
COOKING STOVES AND HEATERS
CAN BE PROVED to be the best in the market Stoves with water backs to connect with Circulating Boilers
The heater is constructed on the same principal as the stoves, and will produce more heat with the same amount of fuel than any other heater in use Prices very reasonable.
THOS B HARKINS, Manufacturer
Bristol Iron Foundry, Dorrance St, Bristol Pa

WILLIAM BLACKWOOD,
BREAD, PIE & FANCY CAKE
BAKER,
Foot of Bath Street, near Canal Bridge
BRISTOL, PA.
BALLS, Parties, Fairs and Festivals furnished with ICE CREAM and FANCY CAKES at short notice and on reasonable terms WEDDING CAKES baked and iced to order 981

At J. Milnor's Store,
Corner of Wood and Washington Sts.,
BRISTOL, PA,
Can always be found a full line of
Fine Groceries and Provisions;
consisting in part of
DRIED BEEF, PREPARED HAM BUTTER, LARD, TEAS and COFFEE
And in fact, everything in the Grocery Line

LOOK HERE!
Dyeing and Scouring.
THE undersigned being well known in Bristol for the last 14 years, respectfully announces that he is prepared to do Scouring and Dyeing Coats, Pants, Dresses, Shawls, and all kinds of wearing apparel and piece goods in the best possible manner, and at prices lower than in the city Dresses dyed without being taken apart. JOHN D. DETLEFSON,
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LOUIS C. FISHER,
PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTIST,
625 North Second St., Philadelphia.
$ Card Photographs for ..... 50 Cts
$ Fine Card Photographs for ..... 50 "
$ " " " " $1 00
$ Finely Finished Photographs for .. 1 50
Life size Pictures Colored in Water Colors, or Indian Ink.
All work warranted to give satisfaction. 10

A WORD OF CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC—We have seen the ravages of death and disease all through the cities of the South caused in part, or greatly aggravated by the imperfect sanitary condition of some of the Southern cities at the breaking out of the fearful plague and pestilence that has been carrying off its thousands, it behooves us one and all to be in earnest in all things—not put off until to morrow what had better be done to day Remember the old proverb, delays are dangerous While speaking of this subject, we are reminded that it is now the season of the year that every housekeeper should look to it at once, and see that their stoves, furnaces, heaters, &c, are in proper order for the coming cold weather, if they are not have them attended to at once, and not put it off until everyone is busy, and cold weather is upon us, and furnaces out of order consequently no fires, children taking colds, wives cross and snappish (you know how it is yourself), whereas if everything is in order you can just light the fire the first cold day and have a warm pleasant home, and wife will wear a smile on her face, and everything will be lovely That's what's the matter We know of no one, either in city or country, better qualified to attend to our wants or anything appertaining to the heating line than Thomas Farnan, of the Bristol Stove House, No 18 Mill street Bristol for he has had large experience in New York city of some fourteen years, in furnace and range business, and we feel confident in saying that any work entrusted to him will meet with prompt attention, and will be done in a workmanlike manner, and at either green back or hard money prices Give him a call and be convinced he is also prepared to do roofing at the bottom prices for cash Also tin sheet iron, copper and zinc manufactured to order Full line of stoves, cooking hall parlor, store or office, furnaces, parlor, heaters ranges, &c, at less than city prices for cash Give him a call THOMAS FARNAN, Bristol Stove House, 18 Mill Street, Bristol, Pa All orders by mail promptly attended to

Bristol.

$100 REWARD!
A LARGE NUMBER of Bristol people have been induced by our low prices and sharp competition to abandon their weekly purchasing trips to the city—We are now determined to COMPEL those who still persist in their old habit to follow the wise example of their neighbors We will forfeit $100 if any Store in Philadelphia can show a cheaper price list than we offer this week Just look!
Pure Lent Lard 8 cts lb, choice Rio Coffee, 20 cts lb splendid Butter 15 20 25 cts lb choice Currants 5 cts lb best Raisins, 8 cts lb warranted Hams, 11½ cts lb, Soaps, 3, 4, 5 cts &c Oleine full lb 7 cts, Cocoa shells 5 cts lb, new Prunes, 8 cts lb new Mackerel, 10 cts doz good tea, 25 cts lb, Laundry Starch 5 cts lb, Oilcloth, 30 cts yd, A No 1 Pepper, 15 cts lb, Brooms, all kinds, $1 15 up Peanut Peaches 20 cts, large line Tinware, Crockery, Glassware Wall Paper, at very low prices—The largest and cheapest line of Gents' Furnishing Goods Good white Undershirts and Drawers 25 cts each, best, 40 and 50 cts, all wool Drawers, 75 cts fine Merino Shirt 50 cts, Pearl Dress Shirt 3 ply linen bosom, best muslin, reduced to 99 cts, Boys White Shirts, 18 cts, Men's strong Working Shirts 30 40 cts, Overalls, 30 to 60 cts Men's heavy calf soled Boots, $2 00, fine stitched Gaiters, $2 50 Latest styles Gents' Neckties Cuffs Collars, &c, cheap Men's good Hats 50 cts fine Felt, $1 25, Boys' Sunday Hats 75 cts, Gents stiff Hats $1 00 Navy Blue Shirts $1 00, good knit Jackets, 99 cts, all wool, $1 50 Children's Undershirts, 13 cts Flowers, 10 cts yard—Stockings 5 cts Tablecloth 16 cts yd, Pins, 2 cts piece Gingham 7 cts, Canton Flannel, 6 cts, Muslin, 5 cts
Don't fail to ask for what you want, if you don't see it as we keep everything, from a needle to a second hand pulpit
Specially in ZEPHYRS and WOOLS Zephyrs, 10 cts oz, Wool, 8 cts per o
☞ Peddlers and Store Keepers supplied
Don't ask for credit
WOOD'S CHEAP STORES,
58 and 60 Mill Street, Bristol
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Picture Glass.
JUST RECEIVED A LOT OF
FRENCH GLASS
For Covering Pictures.
Pure and free from blisters, and but little higher in price than common American
Sizes from 6x8 to 25x40 inches
83 J H BOSTWICK.

TREES! TREES! TREES!
Fruit, Shade and Evergreen.
TO REDUCE OUR STOCK WE WILL SELL FOR CASH
Bartlett and Seckel
Standard Pear Trees,
At $15 per One Hundred.
We would call the attention of persons wishing trees for street planting or for quick shade, to the Black Italian Poplar and Shining Leaved Willow For quick growth and beauty of appearance these two varieties of trees cannot be excelled
JOHN SHIRWOOD & SON,
1 mile below Schenck's Station 2¼ below Bristol 775

HUNT'S REMEDY The Great Kidney Medicine is not a new compound; it has been before the public 30 years and used by all classes HUNT'S REMEDY has saved from lingering disease and death hundreds who have been given up by Physicians to die HUNT'S REMEDY cures all Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, and Urinary Organs, Dropsy, Gravel, Diabetes, and Incontinence and Retention of Urine. HUNT'S REMEDY encourages sleep creates an appetite, braces up the system and renewed health is the result HUNT'S REMEDY cures Pain in the Side, Back, or Loins, General Debility, Female Diseases, Disturbed Sleep, Loss of Appetite, Bright's Disease of the Kidneys and all Complaints of the Urine-Genital Organs. HUNT'S REMEDY is purely vegetable and meets a want never before furnished the public, and the utmost reliance may be placed in it. HUNT'S REMEDY is prepared EXPRESSLY for the above diseases, and has never been known to fail.
One trial will convince you.
Send for pamphlet to
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PROVIDENCE, R I
HUNT'S REMEDY

Syracuse Plows,
FARMERS' FRIEND AND BUCKEYE
GRAIN DRILLS,
SINGLE AND COMBINED
For sale by WHITE & STOCKTON,
287 Yardleyville Pa

Home and Day School
FOR YOUNG LADIES.
THE NEXT SESSION OF MISS MERRIAM'S SCHOOL will open WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 11th A PRIMARY CLASS will be received For circulars, address an till September 1,
MISS A MERRIAM,
250 Westborough, Mass

ANDALUSIA HALL,
Andalusia, Pa.
$200 per year. Day Scholars, $40 to $50.
Latin, Greek and German studies, without extra charge
Fifth year begins September 10th
A H FETTEROLF, A M, Principal.

Estate Notice.
ESTATE OF ELIZA WISE late of Bristol Borough County of Bucks deceased All persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having legal demands against the same are desired to present them in proper order for settlement, without delay, to
WILLIAM TARRAM Executor,
307 Bristol Borough

Bristol.

TRY AND BUY. TRY YOU BUY. TRY WILL BUY.
THE NEW WEED
Sewing Machine!

THE
Most Complete Machine in the Market.
WHILE the New Weed retains all the qualities of the old model it has gained the following new ones
Lightness of Running and Noiselessness of Movement.
THE CAM has been replaced by a crank, giving an accurate movement to the needle bar, without noise
FOR THE VIBRATING ARM is substituted a reciprocating slide
THE TAKE UP is entirely left out, the needle bar serving for that purpose
The Stitch Regulating Nut is on the bed of the Machine The upper thread slips into all its guides leaving only two places to thread
The Shuttle is the most complete one ever made for easy threading, only one place to thread These are a few of the improved qualities of the New Weed In buying a Weed you know you are getting a new machine as they can not use the old ones to make new ones of There are a great many machines being sold for now, that are only old ones rebuilt
We know there are a great many people yet wanting Sewing Machines, and there are a great many old machines that ought to be exchanged for new ones, and to those wanting machines we would say cast aside your prejudices in favor of this or that machine, and come and see the light running easy threading no trouble, substantial, handsome Weed Sold cheap on easy terms Old machines taken in exchange for new ones Old machines for sale cheap
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Radcliffe Street Bristol
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Which Plan is the Best?
THE COMMERCIAL;
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Insures Dwelling Houses, Stores, &c., &c.
(No hazardous risks taken)
ON EITHER MUTUAL OR STOCK PLANS
In the Mutual Plan the fees are fixed at a rate that will meet all expense and the average loss by fire The policies being liable to assessment in case of extra losses
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Full particulars given Apply at office
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JAMES M SLACK, PRESIDENT
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Beautiful Artificial Teeth to set than anywhere else in the city Sets is low as $2 Handsome sets, $5 Pair excellent sets, $8 and $10 Impression in the morning, teeth in the afternoon *No trifles with our Patent Suction Plates* Filling with silver, 50c, gold $1 Pure fresh gas duly Extracting 25c with gas, 50c No charge when new sets are ordered Temporary sets given while the gums are healing Repairing. Persons having ill fitting sets made by inexperienced parties, can have them made over by calling at DR CHALMAN'S DENTAL ROOMS, 507 Pine St Philadelphia 308

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PERSONS IN WANT OF
TINWARE
of the best quality and manufacture, will find it at
C. C. DOUGLASS'
Stove and Tinware Store.
ROOFING and JOBBING done on the best of terms 0

MITCHELL & KIRKMAN,
MARBLE
and
BrownStone,
CUTTERS,

Foot of Mill Street, Bristol, Pa
MONUMENTS, HEAD STONES & STONE CUTTING, in all its branches.
CEMETERY LOTS ENCLOSED &c, &c 773

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PHILADELPHIA.
120

BOUTCHER & SIMONS,
DEALERS IN
LUMBER, COAL,
WOOD, LIME, FERTILIZERS,
West Philadelphia Drove Yard Manur And Horse Stable Manure,
Cornwell's Depot, Bucks County, Pa
BUILDING LUMBER of all kinds on hand, or furnished to order COAL of the best qualities, and lowest rate 639

New Tin Store---Up Town.
ROBERT WARDEN,
Corner of Penn and Wood Sts.,
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TIN ROOFING AND SPOUTING A general assortment of Tin Ware, Hollow Ware and Kitchen Utensils, always on hand Jobbing of all descriptions promptly attended to Prices to suit the times 854

WILLIAM B. BAKER, M. D.,
DENTIST,
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TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN BY THE USE OF NITROUS OXIDE GAS
Satisfaction guaranteed in all operations Artificial Teeth inserted in full or partial sets 1074

CARPETS
Washed and Scoured
INGRAIN CARPETS, 5 cents per yard.
BRUSSELS CARPETS, 6 cents per yard
AT
Livingston Mills,
BRISTOL, PA 420

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HATS, CAPS
AND
STRAW GOODS,
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East Side, Four doors above Girard Ave
PHILADELPHIA
A full assortment of Umbrellas. 27

Miscellaneous.

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Carriage Factory!
BROAD STREET, BELOW THE DEPOT
BURLINGTON, N J
I AM now prepared to receive orders for all kinds of Carriages, Light and Heavy of the most approved styles and finish, made of the best material and by first class workmen I have a number of first class Carriages on hand at present, comprising
Phaetons—Extension Tops and Lady's Pony Phaetons, Double Seat Standing Tops, Jenny Lind Falling Top Buggies, No-Top Buggies and Track Sulkies,
which I will sell for the lowest cash price Those who want first class Carriages will do well to call and examine my stock, as I will not be undersold by any one who does first class work Repairing promptly attended to and neatly done
158 JOHN GRAFT

READY FOR IMMEDIATE USE
Is endorsed by every PRACTICAL PAINTER COVERING CAPACITY AND DURABILITY EXCEEDS ANY KNOWN PAINT Buildings Painted with our Prepared Paints if not satisfactory will be Repainted at our Expense. For sale by J. S. THOMAS,
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Dealer in Fish and Oysters.
EVERY VARIETY OF FISH from fresh and salt water Lobsters, Oysters Clams Soft Shell Crabs &c in season My stock is selected with great care and I can at full to please the most fastidious both as to quality and price 75

Blatchley's Pumps.
Are made to suit cisterns or wells of any depth from 15 to 75 feet either plain or lined with galvanized iron, or seamless drawn tube copper We keep in stock a complete assortment in size, length and price, from the cheapest to the Most Perfect and Improved Pump that can be made. Our manufacturing facilities are able us to furnish the best pumps at prices but little above second and third-rate goods. When buying pumps see that they have my trade mark and name. If not for sale in your town, your orders can always be filled without delay at 440 Market Street one door from Fifth Street south side, Philadelphia
246 C. G. BLATCHLEY, Manufacturer

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BONDS AND STOCKS
of all kinds bought and sold
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EXCHANGED FOR OTHER SECURITIES

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Orders received for the purchase and sale of all kinds of investment securities dealt in at the Stock Exchange, including Government Bonds, State and City Loans, Railroad Bonds and Stocks, &c., &c. 551

MARIS & SMITH,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
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GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
GOLD, STOCKS, BONDS, &c,
Bought and sold on Commission
Accounts of Banks, Bankers and individuals received on favorable terms

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Incorporated 1825—Charter Perpetual
No. 510 Walnut Street,
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CAPITAL $400,000 00
ASSETS $1,704,481 36
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144 JOHN L THOMSON Asst Sec

THE INDEPENDENT
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EFFECTS INSURANCE on Real and Personal Property, on the strictly mutual principle, in Bristol and parts adjacent
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EMMOR COMLY, Agent,
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ZOOLOGICAL GARDEN,
Fairmount Park, Philadelphia.
THE WONDERFUL CHIMPANZEES, ELEPHANTS, LIONS, Tigers, Giraffes, Sea Lions Grizzly and Polar Bears, Monkeys &c, &c Largest collection of Living Wild Beasts, Birds and Reptiles on the Continent
OPEN EVERY DAY.
Excursionists need not carry lunch A commodious and cheap restaurant is on the ground
Admission—Adults, 25c. Children, 10c. 211

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL
FOR BOTH SEXES,
At Newtown, Pa.,
R. L. GUERNEY, Principal.
Expenses for Week day Boarders $3 50 per week, for Day Pupils, from $2 50 to $8, per term of 10 weeks Expenses in Music, per term of 20 lessons, $8, in Drawing, $5, in Painting, $7 535

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COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION
NITROUS OXIDE GAS.
DR. THOMAS makes a specialty of extracting teeth absolutely without pain by the aid of Nitrous Oxide Over 65,000 persons have successfully inhaled the gas at his office
912 Walnut Street, (South Side), Philadelphia.

Miscellaneous.

HARDWARE AND IRON STORE,
AT NO. 47 MILL STREET,
BRISTOL, PA.
CAN ALWAYS BE FOUND A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK
OF
Shelf and Heavy Hardware,
IRON AND STEEL,
NAILS AND CUTLERY,
PURE PAINTS, READY MIXED FOR IMMEDIATE USE,
THE CELEBRATED BLANCHARD CHURN,
FARM AND GARDEN IMPLEMENTS,
WIRE SCREEN, BEREA GRINDSTONES, GUM HOSE,
A Full Line of Locks and Bolts,
SILVER-PLATED WARE,
CORDAGE, CHAINS,
The Windsor Coffee Pot, the best in the world;
MRS POTTS COLD HANDLED SAD IRONS,
Hollow Ware in variety Baskets and Brushes Knives, Scissors and Razors Axes of the best brands Steel Traps Rat Traps, and Mouse Traps Whips Currycombs and Horse Brushes Saddlers Hardware, Horse Shoes and Horse Shoe Nails, Rasps and Files Carriage and Tire Bolts Saws and Chisels Hatchets and Hammers, &c, &c, &c LOWEST PRICES
J. S. THOMAS,
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BRISTOL, PA.
(Formerly of Philadelphia)
PLUMBERS,
Steam & Gas Pipe Fitters.
Also, Dealer in Gas Fixtures, Steam Heating Apparatus, Hydraulic Rams, Lift and Force Pumps of all kinds.
REPAIR WORK SOLICITED

We call the especial attention of farmers and builders to our stock of
GENUINE CUCUMBER PUMPS,
Warranted to be of Cucumber Wood and the cheapest and best Pump in the market These Pumps are made by skillful workmen and will stand the test that is claimed for them, and are much superior to the poplar pump, which is an imitation of them Don't buy elsewhere until you examine them and get our prices
Shop on Canal St. between Washington and Lafayette Sts.
Orders left at the East Corner of Wood and Lafayette Streets, or at the office of Livingston Mills will receive prompt attention
Reference C W & J Peirce and Grundy Bros and Campion 193

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MANUFACTURER OF
SASH, DOORS, BLINDS,
SHUTTERS AND FRAMES,
Siding and Flooring,
MOULDINGS AND BRACKETS,
IN EVERY VARIETY
Mill—Dorrance St., west of Railroad,
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E. C. JOHNSON'S
FOR CHEAP BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, AND RUBBERS.
CUSTOM work a specialty, repairing promptly attended to Call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere Don't forget the place At
E. C. JOHNSON'S,
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LURLINE RED OIL (*to forty degrees test or five test than the law requires*) can be burned in any LAMP where the chimney burner is used, *is warranted not to explode*, under forfeiture of $100
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Also WHOLESALE DEALER IN HEAD LIGHT, COAL OIL and BURNING FLUID
N B A large assortment of *latest styles* of CHANDELIERS BRACKETS BRONZE LAMPS BURNERS, &c, &c constantly on hand 300

Beautiful Artificial Teeth, from $5 to $8 per Set guaranteed to fit and cut perfect Impression in the morning, teeth in the afternoon Painless extraction with gas 50 cents per tooth Teeth extracted *free* when others are inserted Old sets repaired equal to new Filling with Gold or Amalgum COLLGL, 514 FINE Street Philadelphia Pa
(Please clip this out) 160

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Is an absolute and irresistable cure for
DRUNK-
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It prevents that absolute physical and moral prostration that follows the sudden breaking off from using stimulants or narcotics
Package prepaid to cure 1 to 5 persons, $5 at all your Druggists $1 75 for one or at our charitable agent should use it
It is a mildness and never failing
HOP BITTERS MFG., Sole Agents, ROCHESTER, N. Y
THE HOP COUGH CURE
Destroys all pain loosens the cough quiets the nerves and produces rest it never fails in performing a perfect cure where there is a shadow of hope.
Try it once and you will find it so
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGIST.

A Cordial Invitation
IS extended to the readers of this paper when in Trenton to visit the Jewelry Palace of Messrs
COOK & JAQUES,
On State Street,
And view their fine display of
Artistic Jewelry,
And choice designs of ladies' and gentlemen's Gold Watches and Chains Their selection of Roman Gold Neck Chains, Crosses, Lockets and full Roman sets of Jewelry Ear Rings Buttons and Sands are superior to any found in the State They are of rich designs, and goods that are rare to find They are constantly adding new and fresh goods to their stock for the Holiday Trade in Clocks, Bronzes for mantle outfits which make a very beautiful Bridal or Christmas Present, as well as choice pieces of Sterling Silver, new and elegant designs of Silver Plated Wares, Napkin Rings, Pocket Fruit Knives, Tea Spoons, Table Spoons Forks and a large variety of Tea, Table and Dessert Knives, and every thing to furnish out a house compliment including Castors, "Individual Salt Distributors" Soup Ladles, etc. Diamond Rings, and plain 18k Engagement Rings always on hand Cook & Jaques ask you to call and look at what they have, and they will try and please you in everything you want and make prices as low as the quality will allow Christmas is is coming, and we have just what you all want 89

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THREE HOUSES to rent Nos 32, 73 and 7 Wood street, Bristol, Rent $8 per month Keys next door Apply to JAMES DAY Holmesburg

Miscellaneous.

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FLOUR, FEED, LUMBER, COAL, &c.
ROGERS BROTHERS,
Successors to J. & A. Dorrance.
Flour
Fresh ground from the best of Wheat and promptly delivered to customers
Feed
of all kinds constantly on hand and ground to order
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Seasoned White Pine Boards and Plank of all grades, Hemlock Boards, Joist and Scantling, Lath Palings, Oak Posts, &c
☞ Sawed Hemlock Fencing of the best quality
Bills for large, long or odd sized timber cut to order
Saw Mill
at the shortest notice from selected logs and at the lowest prices
Planing Mill.
Yellow and White Pine Flooring, Siding, &c of the different grades, constantly on hand and made to order, which our facilities enable us to sell at very reasonable prices
Shingles
In all the varieties as to size, quality and prices so that our customers cannot fail to be suited
Coal
Of the different sizes kept dry under our sheds, well screened and free from slate and dust
Wood
Ready Sawed for Summer use and very cheap CEDAR RAILS lower than usual
Grain Bought
At the Bristol Mills, and the highest market price paid
361 ROGERS BROTHERS.

A. L. PACKER,
DEALER IN
Coal, Wood, Flour,
FEED and GRAIN.
COAL.
From the Harleigh and Lattimore Mines,
CARLFULLY PICKED AND SCREENED
EGG AND STOVE, (Delivered), $5 00
CHESTNUT " " 4 50
FLOUR.
W & F Thomas, Best Flour per 100, $4 25
Good Family " 3 75
Per bbl
Stanton's New Process (Patent), $10 00
Belle of Venice—St. Louis, 8 50
Belle of Canton—Ohio, 8 00
Belle of Minnesota, 8 00
New Providence—Ohio, 7 50
WOOD.
OAK—Cut and Split, ready for use, $2 00 per cart load
PINE—Cut and Split, ready for use, of best quality $2 00 per cart load
All the above goods are warranted to give entire satisfaction If not as represented will be sent for and taken back without charge
The attention of the citizens of Bristol and vicinity is called to my very large stock now on hand of the above named articles, and persons will find it to their advantage to examine my stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed a continuance of the same is respectfully solicited
A. L. PACKER,
Mill Street, Opposite Old Post Office,
136 BRISTOL, PA

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WASHINGTON ST., BRISTOL, PA.,
DEALER IN
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WOOD,
LIME,
SAND,
BRICK
CURB & BUILDING STONE,
TERRA COTTA PIPES
Chimney Tops,
Garden Vases in variety.

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MUSIC!
FOR BALLS, PARTIES, PIC-NICS, FESTIVALS, &c Call on or address
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For Sale.
THE Large THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE at the north corner of RADCLIFFE AND PENN Sts, containing 12 rooms. It is beautifully located—second to none in Bristol—well built, nearly new and conveniently arranged throughout.
Inquire of
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